

A. General

- This Site Plan is prepared under the Aggregate Resources Act for a Class A Licence for a quarry below the ground water table.
- Area to be licensed 103.6 ha (256.6 ac.)
Area to be extracted 89.1 ha (220.2 ac.)

B. References

- Contour information was obtained from a topographic survey prepared by TEC Engineering formerly Renishaw (Canada) Limited using October 2016 and February 2017 aerial photographs and displayed in one metre intervals. Elevations shown are in metres above sea level (masl).
- Topographic information was obtained from numerous sources including Ontario GeoHub (Land Information Ontario), Google Earth Pro aerial photography captured on July 18, 2018 and field investigations for technical reports.
- All topographic features and structures are shown to scale in Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) with North American Datum 1983 (NAD83), Zone 17 (metre), Central Meridian 81 degrees west coordinate system.
- Property boundaries were obtained from a Plan of Survey prepared by Matthews, Cameron, Heywood-Kerry T. Howe Surveying Ltd. dated April 5, 2012. Other property boundaries were established using Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC) parcels.
- Zoning properties on or within 120 metres of the licence boundary are from the City of Niagara Falls Zoning By-Law No. 79-200 (Schedules A3 and A4 - Consolidation April 2015) and the City of Thorold Zoning By-Law No. 60-2019 (Schedules A8 and A13 - dated May 2019).
- Land use information on or within 120 metres of the licence boundary has been compiled from October 2016 orthophotography, site visits and water well survey data.

C. Groundwater

- The maximum predicted water table is 184.9 masl and the contact aquifer potentiometric contours range between 176.0 and 184.9 masl (as per WSP's "Proposed Upper's Quarry - Maximum Predicted Water Table Report", dated October 2021).

D. Drainage

- Existing surface water drainage on and within 120 metres of the licence boundaries are by overland flow in the direction shown by arrows on the plan view.

E. Site Access and Fencing

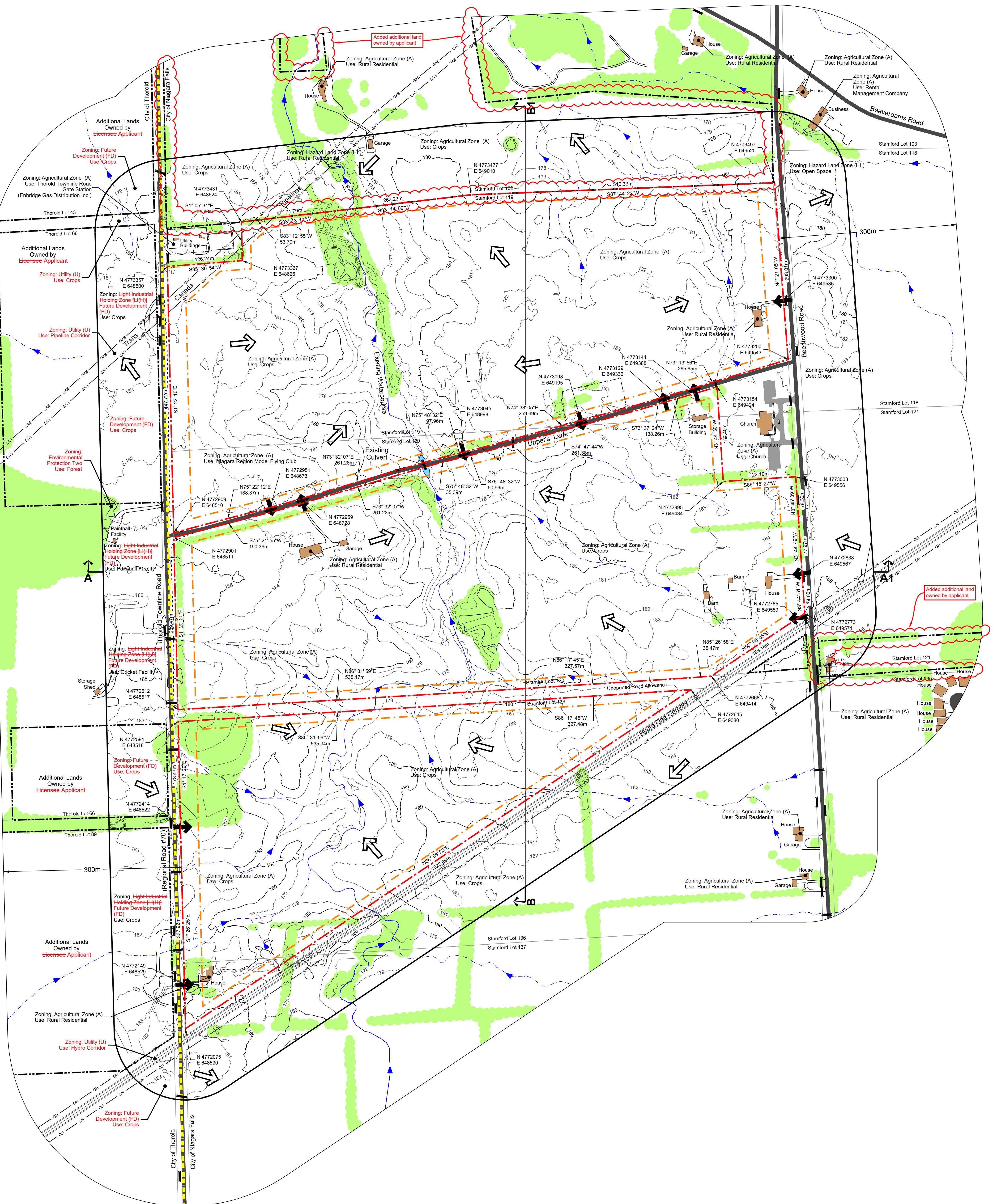
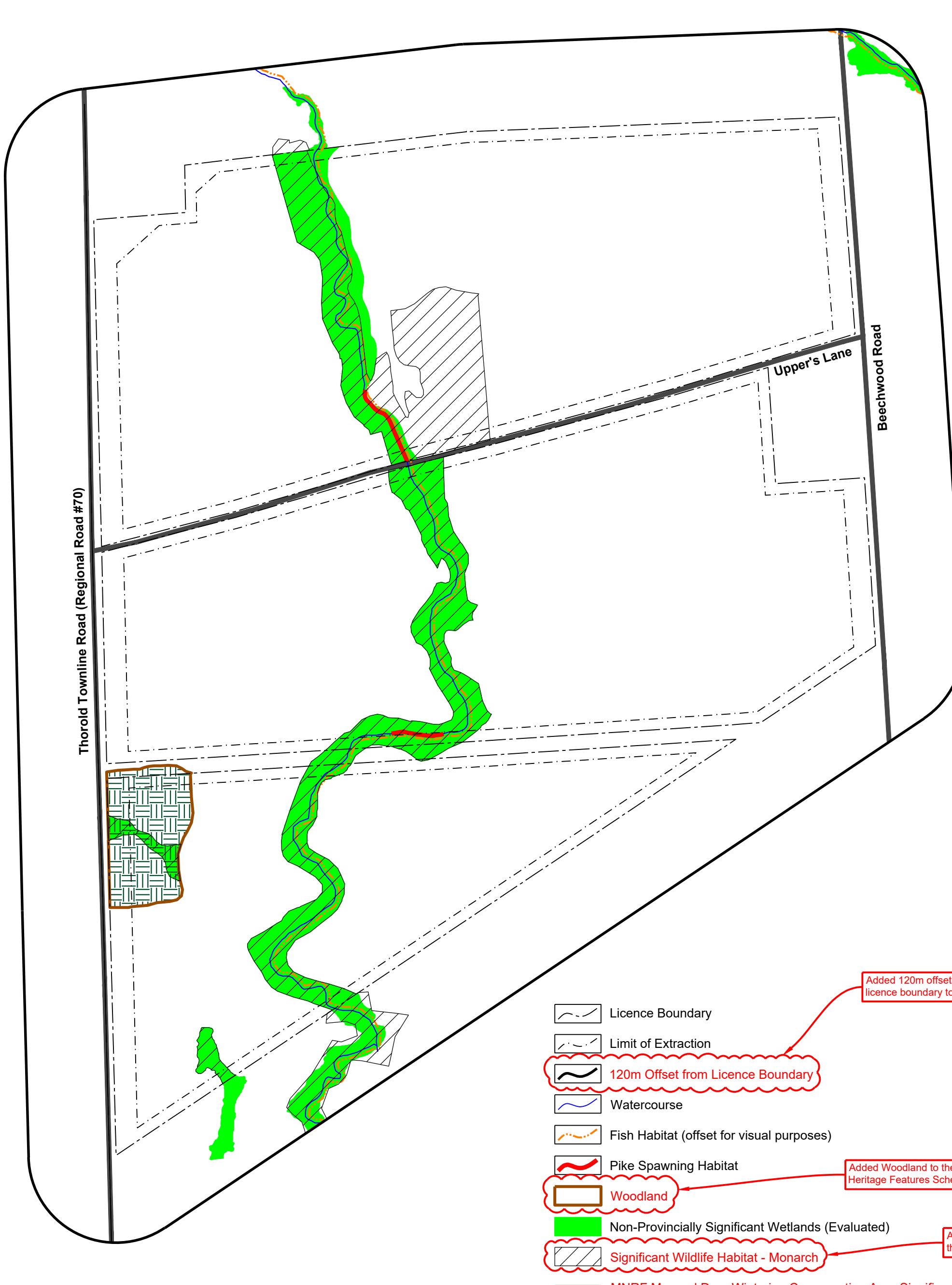
- There are two (2) existing site accesses on Thorold Townline Road, six (6) existing site accesses on Upper's Lane, and three (3) existing site accesses on Beechwood Road.
- Post and wire fencing (unless otherwise noted) exists in the locations shown on the plan view.

F. Significant Features

- All significant natural features on and within 120 metres of the licence boundary are shown on the Key Natural Heritage Features Schematic on this drawing.
- All significant human-made features on and within 120 metres of the licence boundary are shown on the plan view.

Key Natural Heritage Features Schematic

Scale 1:5000
0 150 300 Meters

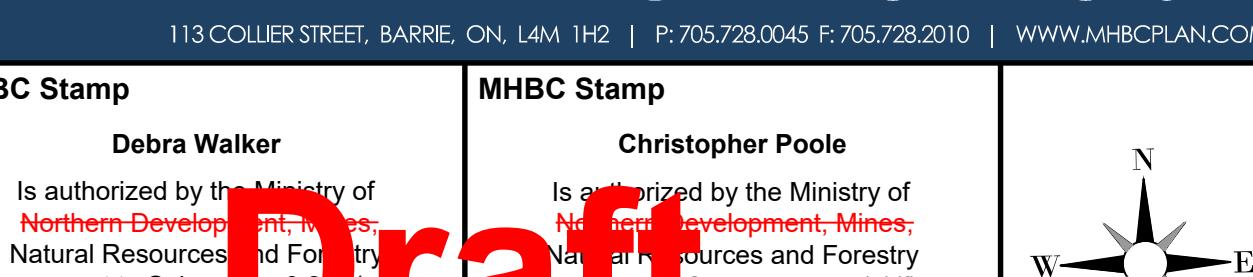


Site Plan Acronyms

- ARA - Aggregate Resources Act
- MNRF - Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry
- MHSTC - Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and Culture Industries
- MECP - Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks
- MGCS - Ministry of Government and Consumer Services
- DFO - Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada
- ECA - Environmental Compliance Approval
- BMPP - Best Management Practices Plan
- PTTW - Permit to Take Water
- MASL - Metres above sea level
- TCPL - Trans Canada Pipeline
- ROW - Right of way
- HMA - Hot mix asphalt
- PWQO - Provincial Water Quality Objectives
- MISA - Municipal Industrial Strategy for Abatement
- TSS - Total Suspended Solids
- NCD - North Channel Design

Site Plan Amendments

No.	Date	Description	By
1	January 2022	Added Key Natural Heritage Features Schematic and Section F to the site plan notes	C.P.
2	August 2023	Updated site plan to incorporate JART and MNRF comments	C.P.
3	April 4, 2024	Updated site plan to incorporate JART and MNRF comments	C.P.
4	June 2024	Updated site plan to incorporate JART and MNRF comments	C.P.



Draft

Walker Aggregates Inc.
2800 Thorold Townline Road
P.O. Box 100
Thorold, Ontario
L2V 3Y8

Project **Upper's Quarry**

MNRF Licence Reference No.	Applicant's Signature
626562	
Plan Scale: 1:3000 (Arch E)	Date: April 4, 2024 June 2024
0 90 180 Meters	Drawn By: C.P. File No. 9811V
	Checked By: D.W.
File Name	Existing Features
Drawing No.	1 of 6
File Path	N:\Brian\9811V\Walker\Upper's Quarry\Drawings\Site Plan\CAD9811V - Site Plan.dwg

A. General

1. This plan depicts a schematic operations sequence for the property based on the best information available at the time of preparation.

2. Phases do not represent any specific or equal time period.

3. The direction of extraction will be in accordance with the General Direction of Excavation (shown on the plan view) unless otherwise authorized by MNRF. Notwithstanding the operational and rehabilitation notes, demand for certain products, blending of materials or Water Study Contingency measures may require minor deviations in the extraction and rehabilitation sequence. Any major deviations from the operations sequence shall require approval from the MNRF. The new watercourse and riparian wetland channel will be constructed, designed, seeded, stockpiled, silt pond, active extraction area and area being stripped for the next area of extraction within the licence boundary identified on this Drawing but excludes the area of Phase 1A. The Mid Extraction Area needed for progressive rehabilitation of the site will be established. Construction of the watercourse and riparian wetland is permitted for blending purposes provided the maximum combined disturbed area identified in each Stage of the Extraction Sequence Schematic on this drawing is not does not exceed 40 hectares to ensure progressive rehabilitation of the site is being undertaken as required by the Site Plan.

4. Progressive and final rehabilitation will be completed in direct correlation to the development of the quarry as extraction limits are reached and enough area is available to ensure that rehabilitation activities will not interfere with the production, stocking and processing of aggregate materials.

B. Initial Site Preparation

1. A Conservation Easement shall be placed on the lands identified as Woodland Mitigation Planting Areas (off-site) that are situated outside of the licence area and such Easement shall be registered on the lands prior to the commencement of Phase 1 (A and B) to secure protection of the lands for conservation purposes in perpetuity.

2. Generally, site preparation in Phases 1 and 2 to include but not limited to:

- Constructing the main entrance and cross over(s) in accordance with entrance permit approvals
- Establishing fencing around licensed boundary (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards on drawing 2 of 6)
- Removal of trees and existing buildings (in accordance with all site plan requirements and applicable regulations)
- Proceed with stripping of overburden/topsoil from Phase 1 and, if necessary, Phase 2
- Construction of berms/academic barriers within the perimeter setback of the licence boundary (as shown on the plan view).

3. Initiate plantings in Woodland Mitigation Planting Area (off-site) in accordance with the Rehabilitation Plan. Off-site plantings will be completed in the Woodland Mitigation Planting Areas (off-site) prior to the removal of the woodland soil of the unopened road allowance in Phases 1A and 1B.

4. Initiate water management and erosion and sediment control measures (silt fencing) in accordance with note D.1 on this drawing and note E.1 on drawing 4 of 6.

5. Commence portable crushing/screening plant set up. The plant shall operate in accordance with Section A on drawing 4 of 6 for all Phases.

C. Phase 1 (1A and 1B)

1. Commence extraction in the 'Initial Sinking Cut Area' identified in the Mid and South Extraction Area (see plan view for location).

2. Phase 1A shall be extracted in up to three (3) lifts to a depth ranging between 140 masl and 145 masl.

3. Phase 1B shall be extracted in one (1) to two (2) lifts to a depth of 155 masl.

4. A portable pump shall be utilized as necessary in the Mid Extraction Area and the South Extraction Area to discharge water to a man-made pond for aggregate washing or to a sediment forebay before being discharged to the existing watercourse. During heavy rainfall events (25 mm or more), the pump will be described as necessary to prevent flooding along the watercourse downstream of the site. The discharge, pond and forebay locations will move with the quarry face until the final quarry depth is reached in each extraction area. At this point, a permanent pump shall be established in each extraction area.

5. During Phase 1A, a new watercourse channel shall be constructed along the east side of Thorold Townline Road (within Phase 1B) for the eventual realignment of the existing watercourse. As resource extraction is completed in Phase 1A, the new watercourse will be realigned to a maximum depth of 175 masl to establish a maximum meander valley.

6. As extraction reaches the final quarry floor, and there is sufficient separation from the quarry floor working areas in Phase 1A, a 2:1 side slope along the easterly and northerly limit of Phase 1B shall be backfilled with either: (i) overburden stockpiled on-site; (ii) overburden in Phase 2; or (iii) material imported from Licence Numbers 11175 and/or 4437 (subject to drawing 5, note C.7) or with overburden in Phase 4.

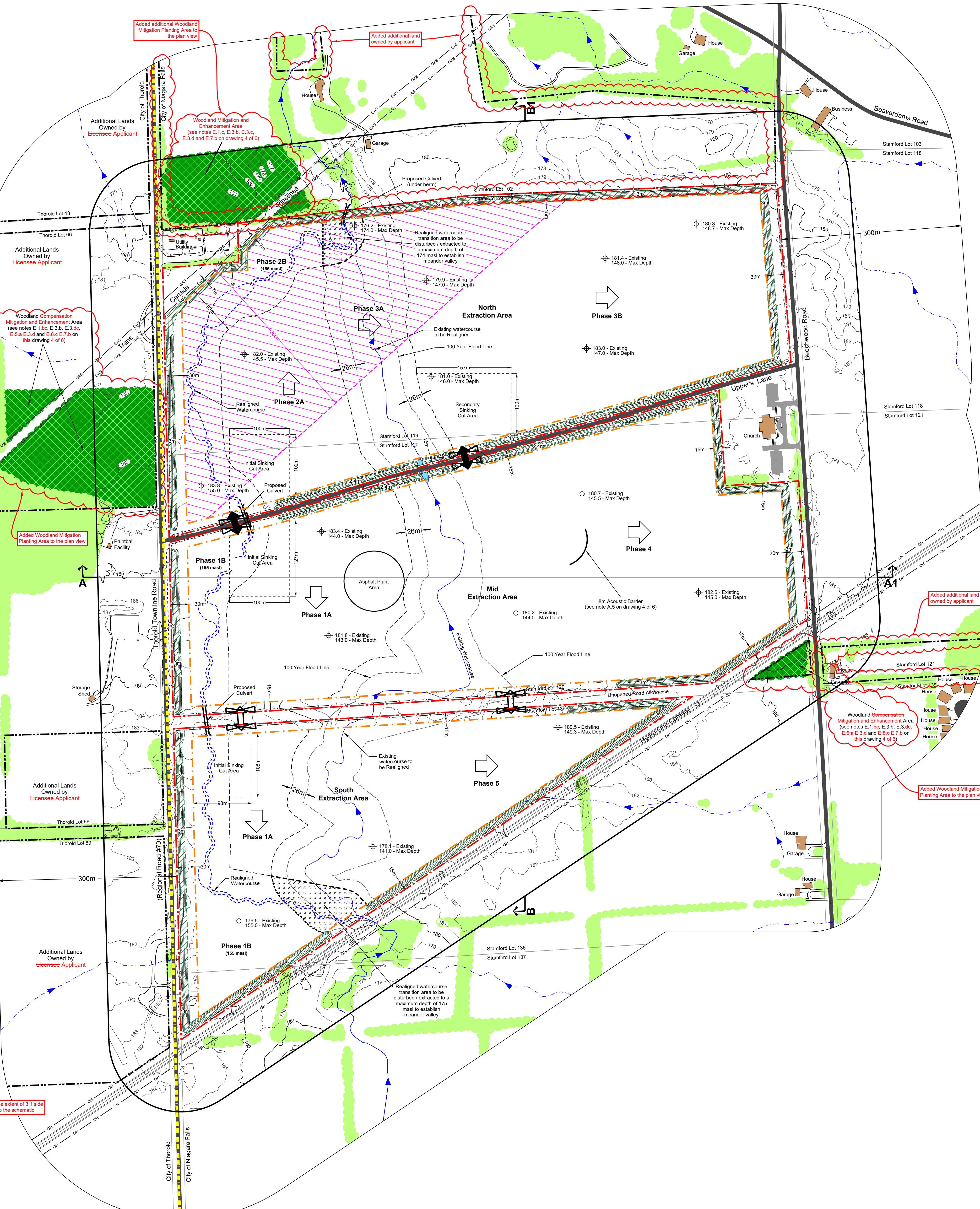
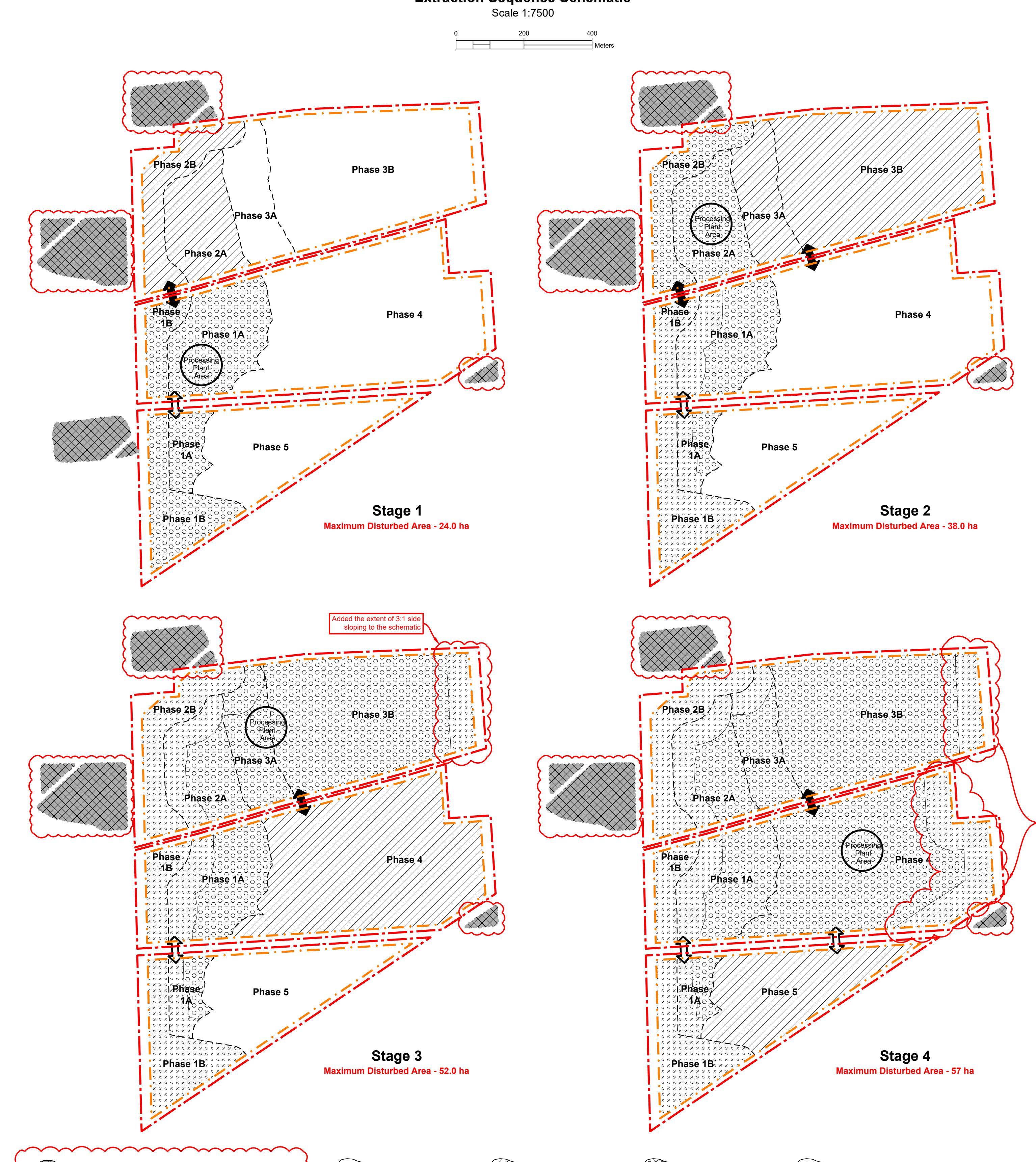
D. Phase 2 (2A & 2B)

1. Commence extraction in the 'Initial Sinking Cut Area' identified in the North Extraction Area (see plan view for location).

2. Phase 2A shall be extracted in up to three (3) lifts to a depth ranging between 141 masl and 145 masl.

Extraction Sequence Schematic

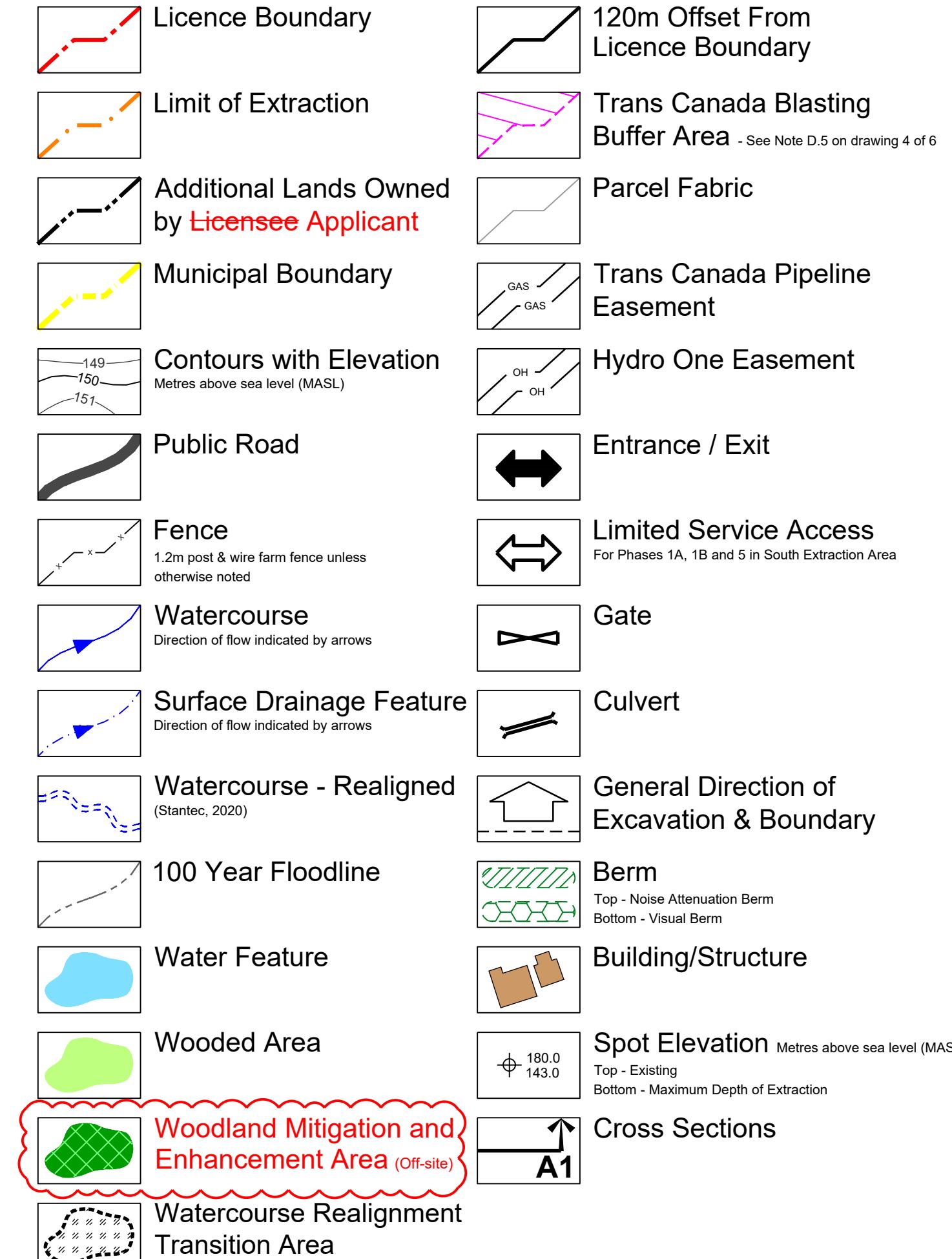
Scale 1:7500



Legal Description

Part of Lots 119, 120, 136 & 137
City of Niagara Falls (Geographic Township of Stamford)
Regional Municipality of Niagara

Legend



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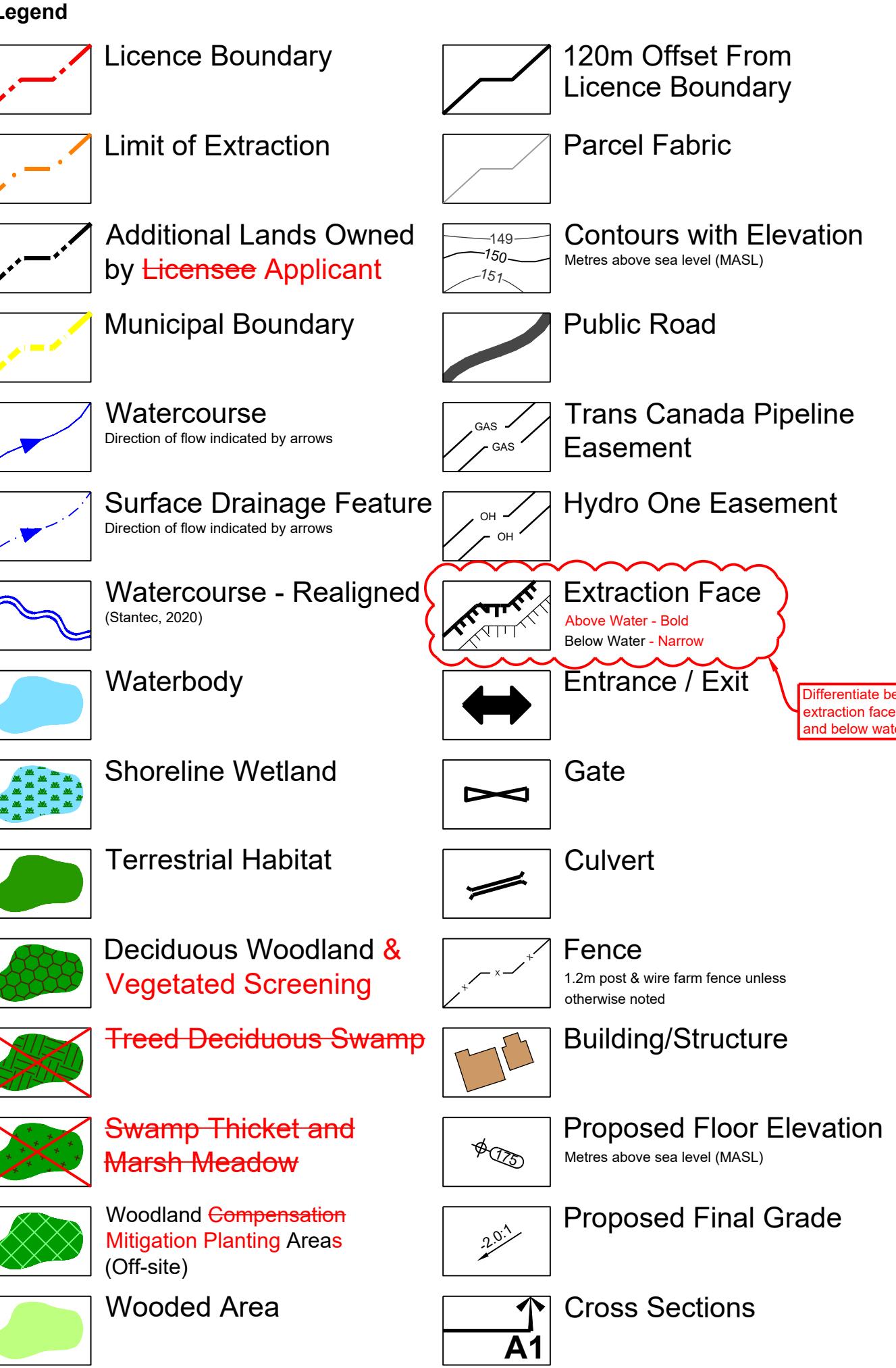
No.	Date	Description	By
1	January 2022	Revised note C.1 and hatched watercourse realignment area.	C.P.
2	August 2023	Updated site plan to incorporate JART and MNRF comments	C.P.
3	April 4, 2024	Updated site plan to incorporate JART and MNRF comments	C.P.
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P.O. Box 100
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Project	Upper's Quarry
MNR Licence Reference No.	Applicant's Signature
626562	
Plan Scale: 1:3000 (Arch E)	Date April 4, 2024 June 2024
Drawn By C.P.	File No. 9811V
Checked By D.W.	
File Name	Extraction Sequence
Drawing No.	3 of 6
File Path	N:\Brian\9811V\Walker Uppers Quarry\Drawings\Site Plan\CAD9811V - Site Plan.dwg



PROGRESSIVE REHABILITATION		
A. General		
1. Area calculations:		
a. licenced area	103.6 ha	
b. To be extracted	89.1 ha	
c. Final rehabilitation within licence (total)	103.6 ha	
c.a. Lake	66.70 ha	
c.b. Shoreline wetland	1.3 ha	
c.c. Wetland/pond/stream	2.9 ha	
c.d. Terrestrial and Vegetated Slopes	22.7 19.4 ha	
c.e. Deciduous Woodland & Vegetated Screening	4.2 6.1 ha	
c.f. Treed-Deciduous Swamp	2.0 ha	
c.g. Swamp-Thicket & Marsh Meadow	0.6 ha	
c.h. Undisturbed	3.9 ha	
d. To be rehabilitated outside of licence:	4.7 6.7 ha	
d.a. Woodland Compensation Area	4.7 6.7 ha	
2. The maximum predicted water table is 184.9 masl and the contact aquifer potentiometric contours ranges between 176.0 and 184.9 masl (as per WSP's Proposed Upper's Quarry - Maximum Predicted Water Table Report , dated October 2021).		

B. Phasing

- As excavation reaches the limit of extraction or maximum depth, progressive rehabilitation shall commence.
- Progressive rehabilitation shall follow the general direction and sequence of extraction identified on the plan view and described in the notes on drawing 3 of 6. Minor deviations in operational rehabilitation sequence will be permitted in order to adjust for any variable resource and market conditions. Any major deviations from the operations sequence shall require approval from the MNR.
- Prior to extraction commencing in Phases 3A and 3B, side sloping adjacent to Phases 1B and 2B shall be completed to allow for the existing watercourse realignment to be finalized.
- Dewatering of the quarry will ultimately discharge to the watercourse (pre and post realignment). The quarry will continue dewatering operations to maintain a dry quarry floor. When the rock is fully extracted, it is proposed that dewatering operations will cease and the quarry will be permitted to fill naturally with surplus precipitation surface water and any contribution from groundwater seepage to form a lake. As such, no watercourse realignment will be required.
- Watercourse Realignment Channel Area - As portions of the watercourse realignment channel are constructed, the channel shall be planned according to the requirements of each respective planting zone: (i) riparian planting zone, (ii) upland planting zone, (iii) shoreline planting seeding zone and (iv) life staining planting zone (v) upland forest planting zone; (vi) dense upland forest planting zone; (vii) dense upland regrading corridor are contained within the "Natural Channel Design Report" prepared by Stantec Consulting Ltd. (dated **06/06/2024 April 2024**).
- Reforestation Areas - There are two main reforestation areas:
 - 6.1. The Woodland Compensation Mitigation and Enhancement Area (Offsite) to be no less than 4.3 ha in area. Plantings in this area are set out in Table 1 on this drawing. Planting for this Area (Offsite) will commence in the appropriate planting season following licence approval.
 - 6.2. The on-site Woodland Compensation Mitigation and Enhancement Area includes the areas identified as the Deciduous Woodland on the plan view of this drawing - Treed-Deciduous Swamp and Swamp-Thicket/Marsh Meadow. These areas shall be no less than 4.4 6.9 ha in total area. Plantings in these areas are set out in Tables 1-3 on this drawing and the Natural Channel Design Report prepared by Stantec Consulting Ltd. (dated **06/06/2024 April 2024**). In the Deciduous Woodlands (on-site), additional conifer species will be added to the species mix to provide additional screening.
- A woodland and wildlife habitat compensation rehabilitation plan shall be prepared in consultation with regulatory authorities in accordance with Note E.5a E.3.i on drawing 4 of 6.

C. Slopes and Grading

- Progressive rehabilitation will utilize a variety of rehabilitation techniques including:
 - backfilling extraction faces and quarry floors; or
 - Leaving extraction faces vertical
- Excess soil, as defined in Ontario Regulation 244/97 may be imported to this site to facilitate the following rehabilitation:
 - To establish the final elevations, slopes and grades depicted on the plan view
 - Top dressing to establish vegetation
- Liquid soil, as defined in Ontario Regulation 406/19 under the Environmental Protection Act, is not authorized for importation to the site.
- The quality of excess soil imported to the site for final placement must be equivalent to or more stringent than the applicable excess soil quality standards as determined in accordance with Ontario Regulation 244/97, as amended from time to time, and must be consistent with the site conditions and the end use identified in the approved rehabilitation plan.
- Where a qualified person is retained or required to be retained in accordance with Ontario Regulation 244/97, the quality, storage, and final placement of excess soils shall be done according to the advice of the qualified person.
- Excess soil imported to facilitate rehabilitation as described on this site plan shall be undertaken in accordance with Ontario Regulation 244/97 under the Aggregate Resources Act, as amended from time to time.
- The cumulative total amount of excess soil that may be imported to this site for rehabilitation purposes is **2449.9698 750,000 m³**.
- The final rehabilitated landforms established using the rehabilitation techniques will consist of a lake, shoreline wetlands, riparian corridor, woodlands, gradually sloping grades, 2:1 and 3:1 side slopes, and vertical faces as shown on the plan view.

D. Seeding and Planting

- Side slopes steeper than 3:1 shall be seeded with a naturalizing mix of native, non-invasive wildflowers and grasses capable of rapid germination and growth to stabilize slopes and minimize mowing and maintenance.
- The deciduous woodlands, treed-deciduous swamp - swamp-thicket/marsh meadow, shoreline wetland, and realigned watercourse channel (riparian corridor) shall be planted with species identified in Tables 1-5 on this drawing and the Natural Channel Design Report planting plan drawings L-460 to L-663 and L-500 to L-503 respectively.

E. Drainage

- Final surface drainage will follow the rehabilitated contours and directional arrows shown on the plan view.

2. Once the quarry is depleted, pumping will cease and portions of the site below the ground water table will fill with water.

3. The quarry dewatering discharge will be directed to the watercourse (pre and post alignment) and ultimately flow to Beavardens Creek to support fish habitat and downstream wetlands.

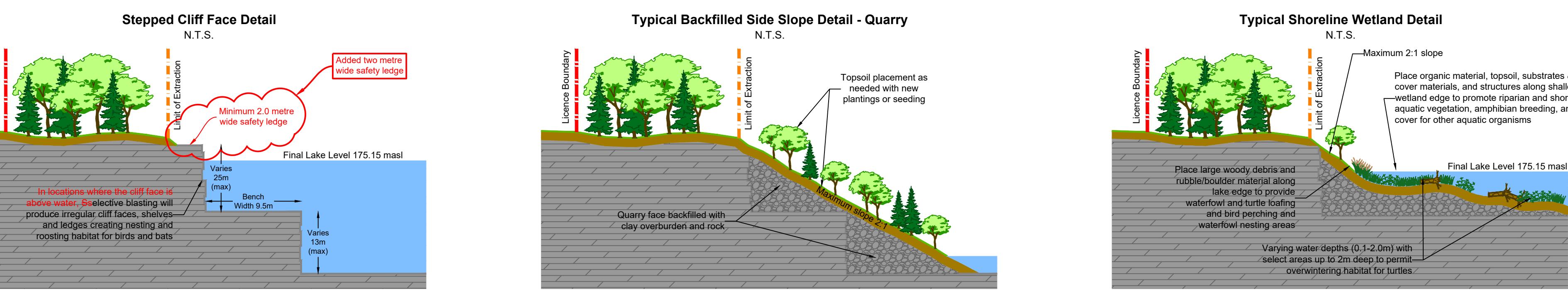
4. The licensee shall operate in accordance with the conditions of the MECP, PTTW and ECA for the ongoing dewatering of the site.

F. Trigger Mechanism and Contingency Plan

- During progressive rehabilitation, until surrendering the licence, the licensee is required to operate in accordance with the Trigger Mechanism and Contingency Plan outlined below.
- The monitoring program will allow a comparison of observed conditions throughout the quarry development to baseline conditions. The predicted effects of the quarry will be reviewed and are based on the environmental model simulations and baseline water quality. Should the observed effects differ from these predicted, a trigger mechanism will be activated. The implementation of appropriate contingency measures to mitigate impacts before they occur. The quarry dewatering discharge will be directed to the Existing Watercourse, and ultimately flow to Beavardens Creek. The discharge water will consist of a mixture of direct precipitation and groundwater inflows from the adjacent upland areas. The water quality will likely be similar to the underlying aquifer. The ratio of groundwater discharge from each unit is related to the relative hydraulic conductivity. Based on the hydraulic testing completed as part of this study, it is interpreted that the discharge will be similar to the underlying aquifer. It is predicted that the underlying aquifer discharge will be similar to water quality to the shallow bedrock aquifer baseline ranges. The observed 2019 pumping test discharge water quality, which is predicted to be similar to the future quarry discharge water quality, supports this interpretation.
- Monthly sampling of the quarry sump discharge has been included in the monitoring program, for the analysis of parameters with an associated Provincial Watercourse Objectives (PWCO), as well as parameters which are an assessment of influence from the various bedrock units. The trigger mechanism for the sump discharge to the Existing Watercourse is to assess the monthly sump water quality results against the list of trigger concentrations summarized in the table below.

Parameter	Proposed Trigger Mechanism	Applicable Standard
pH (pH units)	6.5 - 8.5	PWCO / MISA
TSS	25	MISA
Hydrogen sulphide (undissolved)	0.002	PWCO
Total Oil and Grease	No visible sheen or odour	PWCO

Note: Trigger concentrations in mg/L unless otherwise noted.



- The shallow bedrock aquifer groundwater is more unperturbed / harder than the surface water in the vicinity of the Site; however, it satisfies the PWCO for most parameters. The two exceptions are undissolved hydrogen sulphide and total phosphorus. A trigger for hydrogen sulphide has been included in the trigger mechanism for quarry discharge. In the case of total phosphorus, the median total phosphorus concentration in the background surface water quality currently exceeds the PWCO, making the Existing Watercourse a Priority receptor for phosphorus. The trigger for phosphorus concentration in the future quarry discharge will be below that of the upstream surface water in the Existing Watercourse. As such, total phosphorus has not been included in the trigger mechanism.
- The Municipal Industrial Strategy for Abatement (MISA) was also considered; as such, pH, total suspended solids (TSS) and total oil and grease have also been included in the trigger mechanism.
- The sump discharge sample results shall be compared with the background conditions in the Existing Watercourse (station SW0) and Beavardens Creek (station SW1). If parameter concentrations in the sump discharge exceed the above trigger concentrations without a corresponding exceedance in the background surface water, then weekly sampling of the quarry sump shall be initiated. Weekly sampling will continue until less than two parameter concentrations in the sump discharge exceed the trigger concentrations.
- If weekly sampling is required for a period of more than four (4) weeks, contingency measures shall be implemented to reduce concentrations in the quarry discharge. Trigger exceedances for pH, TSS and total oil and grease would initiate a review of the design and operation of the quarry discharge sump. Where required, improvements shall be made to reduce discharge concentrations.
- At existing pits and quarries in southern Ontario, hydrogen sulphide is typically not routinely included in the trigger mechanism. In southwestern Ontario, where the bedrock geology can contain sulphide minerals, hydrogen sulphide may be present in the groundwater. It is present in site ECAs. A sump and holding pond with a large surface area normally allows enough off-gassing of the hydrogen sulphide to meet the Existing Objectives. For the quarry, the need for sufficient off-gassing of hydrogen sulphide is dependent on the location of the quarry, the location of the watercourse network and sump pond for the Site. It is anticipated that the hydrogen sulphide concentration in the discharge to the Existing Watercourse will be lower than the PWCO trigger concentration as a result of the off-gassing of hydrogen sulphide prior to discharge. It is anticipated that the trigger will remain the trigger once the operational phase of the quarry begins, then a review of the design and operation of the internal ditch network and sump pond shall be completed with the objective of increasing the rate of off-gassing prior to discharge. Additional measures, such as aeration of the pond, may also be employed to enhance the off-gassing of hydrogen sulphide.

FINAL REHABILITATION


- General
 - All equipment and buildings/structures shall be removed from the licensed areas.
 - Fieldwork access points may be established to access the site for maintenance and monitoring purposes. All operational access points shall be decommissioned and fenced as part of final rehabilitation.
 - The long term average surface water and lake level elevation is estimated to be approximately 175.15 masl.
 - At first rehabilitation, outflow from the realigned watercourse and the quarry lake will continue to discharge from the licence area at the present location where the existing watercourse channel crosses the northern licence boundary.

Table 1

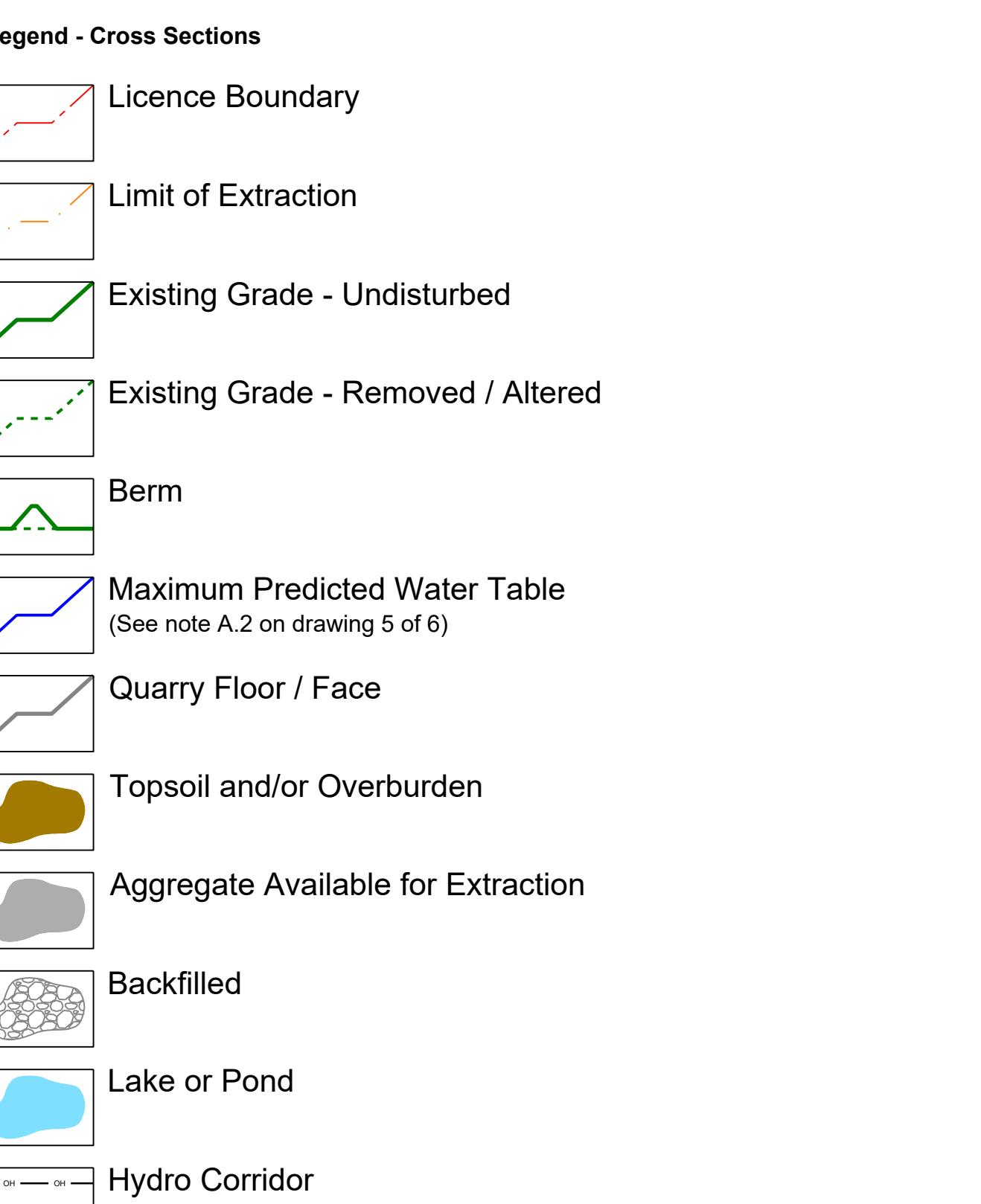
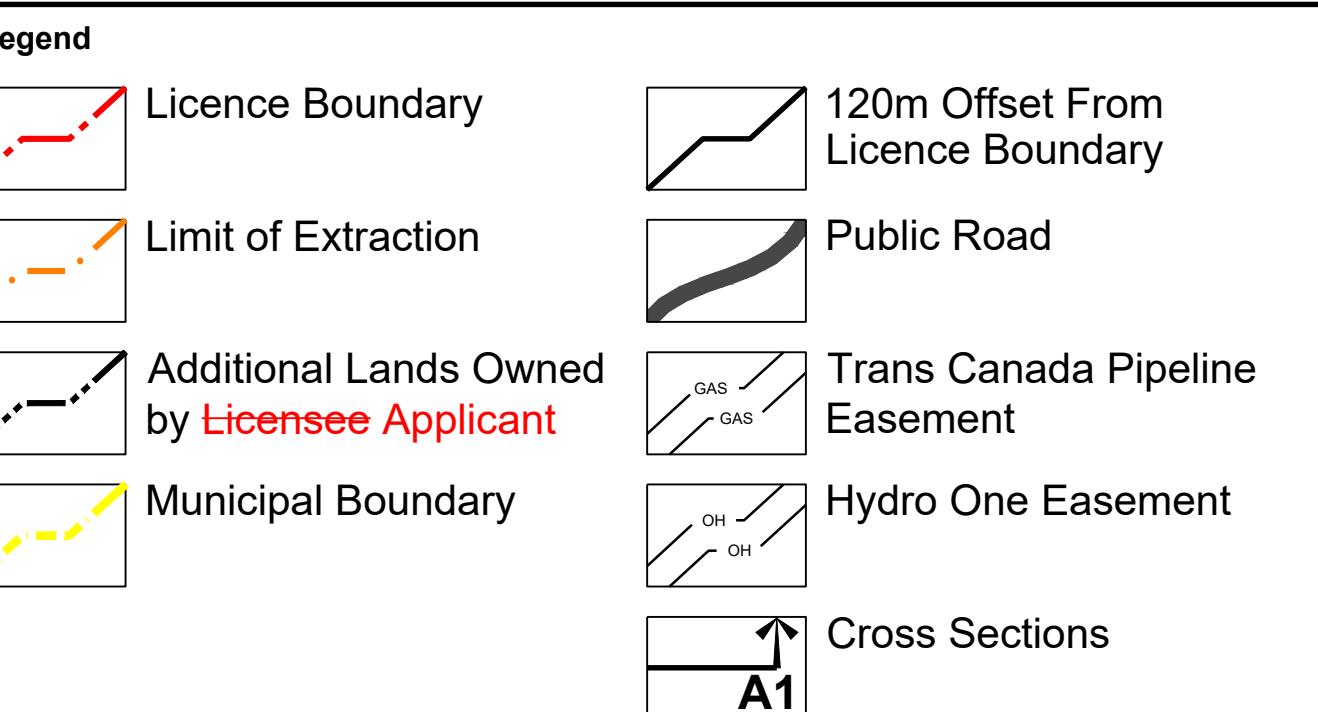
UPLAND PLANTING ZONE:					
<i>Additional Lands Owned by Licensee Applicant</i>					
Sym.	Percent	Quantity	Botanical Name	Common Name	Ht. (cm)
BP	5%	105	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	Paper Birch	125 2 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
AF	5%	105	<i>Betula populifolia</i>	Poplar Birch	125 2 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
COP	10%	211	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	Pignut Hickory	100 2 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
JN	15%	318	<i>Juglans nigra</i>	Black Walnut	250 10 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
TR	10%	158	<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	Thornapple	175 10 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
PDA	10%	211	<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	Largetooth Aspen	175 10 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
GRU	15%	318	<i>Quercus alba</i>	Red Oak	175 10 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
SAS	5%	105	<i>Salix alba</i>	Sassash	100 5 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
Total:	100%	2107			10 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
Upland Zone Planting Density Target Goal = 5 trees / 100 m ²					

RIPARIAN PLANTING ZONE:					
<i>Additional Lands Owned by Licensee Applicant</i>					
TREES:					
Sym.	Percent	Quantity	Botanical Name	Common Name	Ht. (cm)
ASN	15%	632	<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	Gray Dogwood	50 2 Gal. Pot 1 m to 1.5 m
EA	15%	632	<i>Euonymus atropurpureus</i>	Eastern Burning Bush	50 2 Gal. Pot 1 m to 1.5 m
TR	15%	632	<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	White Ash	175 10 Gal. Pot 3 m to 7 m
PRA	15%	632	<i>Prunus americana</i>	American Plum	175 10 Gal. Pot 1 m to 1.5 m
RT	15%	632	<i>Rhus typhina</i>	Staghorn Sumac	175 10 Gal. Pot 1 m to 1.5 m
RT	15%	632	<i>Rubus hispida</i>	Red Raspberry	175 7 Gal. Pot 1 m to 1.5 m
VT	15%	632	<i>Vitis riparia</i>	Swamp White Oak	175 10 Gal. Pot 8 m to 12 m
Total:	100%	4215			10 Gal. Pot 1 m to 1.5 m
Upland Zone Planting Density Target Goal = 10 trees / 100 m ²					

SHRUBS:					
<i>Additional Lands Owned by Licensee Applicant</i>					
TREES:					
Sym.	Percent	Quantity	Botanical Name	Common Name	Ht. (cm)
ASN	15%	632	<i>Acer saccharinum subsp. <i>rubrum</i></i>	Black Maple	250 15 Gal. Pot 2 m to 4 m
AF	20%	67	<i>Acer <i>freemanii</i></i>	Freeman Maple	250 10 Gal. Pot 2 m to 4 m
COP	10%	632	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	Shagbark Hickory	100 2 Gal. Pot 2 m to 4 m
GRU	10%	632	<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	Pignut Hickory	100 2 Gal. Pot 2 m to 4 m
PH	10%	632	<i>Juglans nigra</i>	Black Walnut	250 15 Gal. Pot 2 m to 4 m
TR	10%	318	<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	Thornapple	175 10 Gal. Pot 2 m to 4 m
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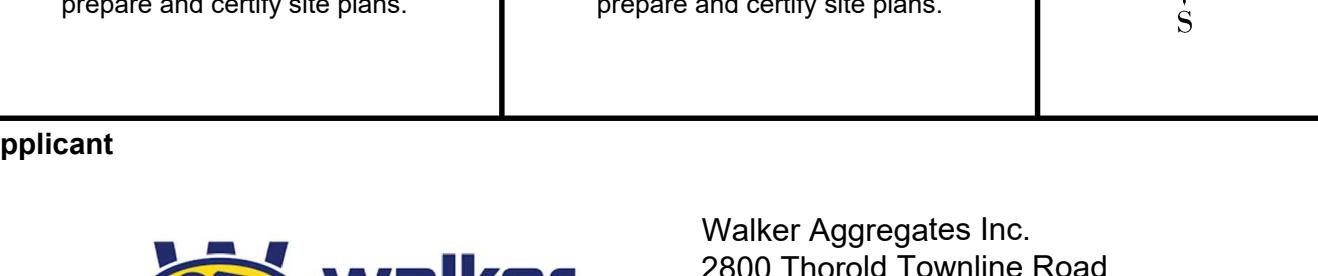
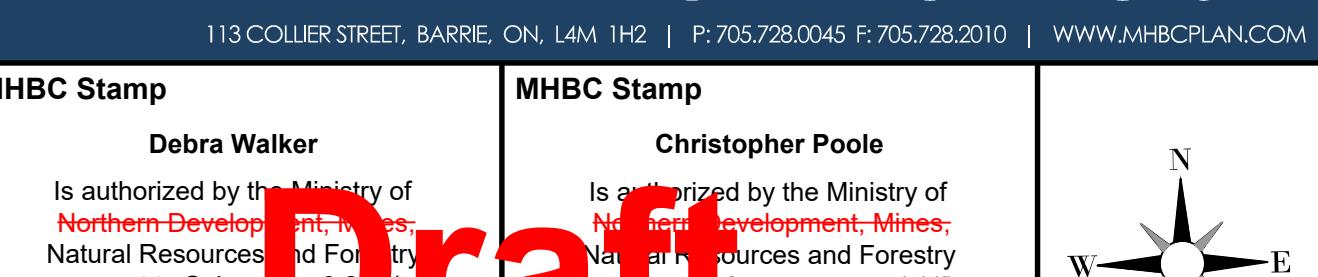
Legal Description
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Regional Municipality of Niagara



Site Plan Amendments

Site Plan Revisions (Pre-Licensing)

No.	Date	Description	By
1	January 2022	Updated site plan per feedback from MNR and completed minor housekeeping	C.P.
2	August 2023	Updated site plan to incorporate JART and MNR comments	C.P.
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Project
Upper's Quarry

MNR Licence Reference No. 626562

Applicant's Signature

Plan Scale: (Arch E) Date April 4, 2024 June 2024

Horizontal 1:2500
Vertical 1:500
Drawn By C.P.
Checked By D.W.
File Name Cross Sections
Drawing No. 6 of 6
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