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STACKED TOWNHOMES DEVELOPMENT
5858 DUNN STREET
NIAGARA FALLS, ONTARIO

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

PREPARED FOR:

RPDS INTEGRATED DESIGN FIRM

PREPARED BY:

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PROJECT NO. 16363

OCTOBER 10, 2023



**Professional Engineers
Ontario**

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1 Introduction

J.H. Cohoon Engineering Limited has been retained to prepare the following Stormwater Management (SWM) report in support of the proposed stacked townhomes development at 5858 Dunn Street in the City of Niagara Falls.

1.1 Site Description

The subject site consists of 0.73 ha of Residential Low Density Grouped Multiple Dwelling zone and Development Holding zone lands, which are currently vegetated and vacant. The site is bound by Dunn Street to the north, residentially zoned properties to the east, and parking lands for the Fallsview Tower Hotel to the south and west.

The proposed development consists of four residential stacked townhome buildings with 72 units and surface parking for 79 vehicles. Access to the proposed development will be provided via a driveway entrance to Dunn Street. Details of the proposed development have been provided on the attached Grading Plan (Drawing C-01) and Servicing Plan (Drawing C-02) in Appendix A.

1.2 Objectives

The purpose of this SWM report is to document the preliminary SWM strategy for the site, demonstrating the proposed development will not adversely affect local surface water conditions. The SWM report will evaluate the effect of the proposed development on local drainage conditions and where necessary, provide solutions to mitigate any adverse impacts.

1.3 Guidelines and Background Information

This report was prepared in accordance with the following municipal, provincial and agency guideline documents:

- The Ministry of Transportation Drainage Management Manual (1997)
- The Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP, formerly known as the Ministry of Environment) SWM Practices Planning and Design Manual (2003);
- The CVC/TRCA Low Impact Development SWM Planning and Design Guide (2010); and
- Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management Guidelines (2010).

2 Pre-Development Conditions

Information regarding the existing topography, ground cover and drainage patterns was obtained through collection of detailed topographic survey data, record drawings / available plans and confirmed during site visits. Detailed topographic survey data was collected by The Larocque Group in July 2023.

Under pre-development conditions, the subject site consists of 0.73 ha of residential buildings and accessory structures, lawn cover and vegetation. The subject site slopes gently southwest at approximately 2% toward the west and south property lines (Outlet #1).

2.1 Pre-Development Conditions Hydrology

The Rational Method has been used to generate pre-development peak flow rates for the subject site based on the City of Niagara Falls IDF parameters. Online mapping and aerial photography were used to determine pre-development catchment parameters. The site has been modelled as one catchment (Catchment 1) totalling to 0.73 ha in area, with 9% imperviousness sloping at approximately 2% to Outlet #1, as shown on Pre-Development Drainage Plan attached.

For the purpose of determining peak flow rates, a runoff coefficient of 0.27 was assigned to Catchment 1 based on runoff coefficient values for corresponding land uses provided in the Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management and Policies and Guidelines. Peak flow rates have been assessed at Outlet #1.

Peak flow rates for the 2-year through 100-year storm events have been calculated and summarized in Table 1 below, while detailed calculations are provided in Appendix B.

Table 1: Pre-Development Peak Flow Rate Summary

Design Storm Event	Peak Flow Rate (m ³ /s)
2-year	0.025
5-year	0.032
10-year	0.040
25-year	0.048
100-year	0.066

3 Proposed Stormwater Management Plan

The proposed SWM Plan has been developed to address any potential adverse impacts from the proposed development to local surface water features and surface water quality.

The majority of the subject site (0.61 ha) will be graded to drain to a combination of underground storm sewer, storm structures, and an underground StormTank module system to provide water quantity controls before discharging to the Dunn Street right of way. The 2-year through 100-year storm runoff will be collected, controlled and conveyed to the Royal Manor Drive storm sewer. An oil and grit separator unit will be implemented to provide quality controls.

The remaining 0.13 ha of the site is proposed to be released uncontrolled to the Dunn Street right of way and existing outlet.

While there is no information readily available with respect to the subject site's soil characteristics, it is understood that the City of Niagara Falls encourages the use of Low Impact Development (LID) practices where feasible to manage storm water and minimize the impact of development. The proposed SWM plan will incorporate LID practices to promote infiltration where feasible.

3.1 Design Criteria

This SWM report is subject to the review and approval of the City of Niagara Falls. Applicable SWM design criteria for the proposed development are presented below:

- Water Quantity Control – post-development peak flow rates must be controlled to pre-development rates for rainfall events to ensure no adverse impacts for downstream landowners;
- Water Quality Control – controls must be provided to satisfy the MECP SWM Practices Planning and Design Manual. Enhanced water quality control corresponding to 80% total suspended solids (TSS) removal is required; and
- Siltation and Erosion Control – recommendations for a siltation and erosion control strategy during construction are required.

3.2 Proposed Conditions Hydrology

Details of the proposed site grading and overall SWM plan are provided on the Grading Plan (Drawing C-01) and Servicing Plan (Drawing C-02) included in Appendix A. A Post-Development Drainage Plan is also enclosed for reference.

The Rational Method has been used to generate anticipated post-development peak flow rates for the subject site based on the City of Niagara Falls IDF parameters. The site has been modelled as three catchments (Catchment 201, Catchment 202 and Catchment 99) for the purpose of determining post-development peak flows as discussed below:

- Catchment 201 consists of the storm Catchments 2 through 10 shown on the Post-Development Drainage Plan, totalling to 0.61 ha in area with proposed imperviousness of

84%, and assigned a runoff coefficient of 0.83. Drainage from Catchment 201 will be collected in the site's internal storm sewer and controlled through on-site underground storage prior to discharging to the Dunn Street storm sewer;

- Catchment 202 consists of Catchments 98 and 99 shown on the Post-Development Drainage Plan, totalling to 0.03 ha in area, with proposed imperviousness of 25%, and assigned a runoff coefficient of 0.39. Drainage from Catchment 202 will be released overland and uncontrolled to the Dunn Street right of way.
- Catchment 99 is shown on the Post-Development Drainage plan, totalling to 0.10 ha in area with proposed imperviousness of 26% and an assigned runoff coefficient of 0.40. Drainage from Catchment 99 will be released overland to the existing site outlet at the south and west property site property lines.

All three post-development Catchments have been assessed using the same outlet (considered the property line), to be conservative.

3.3 Water Quantity Control

Water quantity controls for Catchment 201 will be provided via a combination of underground storm sewer, storm structures, and an underground StormTank module system. The total active storage volume provided is 249 m³ through the stacked ST-2536 and ST-2524 StormTank modules, two 600 mm dia. storm sewers and maintenance hole structures ST-2 and ST-4. The combined underground storage will be controlled by a 100 mm dia. orifice plate at the elevation of 188.64 m in maintenance hole structure ST-2.

The Modified Rational Method was used to determine the required storage volumes in order to maintain post-development peak flow rates to pre-development rates. Operating characteristics of the proposed underground storage system including discharge rates, storage volumes and equivalent water surface elevations for the 2-year through 100-year design storm events are summarized in Table 2. Detailed supporting calculations and stage-storage-discharge tables are provided in Appendix B for reference.

Table 2: Underground Storage System Operating Characteristics

Design Storm Event	Peak Flow Rate (m ³ /s)	Storage Volume Provided (m ³)	Water Elevation (m)
2-year	0.016	77.8	189.23
5-year	0.019	108.0	189.40
10-year	0.022	150.5	189.67
25-year	0.023	172.2	189.80
100-year	0.027	241.8	190.23

As shown, the maximum water surface elevation in the underground storage system is 190.23 m under the 100-year design storm condition, which corresponds to a depth of 0.65 m below the lower patio elevation of proposed Buildings 'A', 'B' and 'C'. Therefore, the lower patios of Buildings 'A', 'B' and 'C' will not experience ponding as a result of backwater conditions from the underground storage system.

The Rational Method calculations do not account for the anticipated infiltration from the StormTank module system, and therefore the peak flow rates summarized in Table 2 are expected to be conservative.

Post-Development peak flow rates incorporating the proposed SWM controls are summarized in Table 3. Detailed supporting calculations are provided in Appendix B.

Table 3: Post-Development Peak Flow Rate Summary (With Controls)

Design Storm Event	Pre-Development Peak Flow Rate (m³/s)	Post-Development Peak Flow Rate (m³/s)
2-year	0.025	0.025
5-year	0.032	0.030
10-year	0.040	0.036
25-year	0.048	0.040
100-year	0.066	0.050

As shown, post-development peak flows discharging from the property are anticipated to be controlled to the pre-development peak flow rates.

3.4 Major and Minor Flow Conveyance

Part of the internal storm sewer network has been sized to function as storage in combination with StormTank modules to provide water quantity controls for the proposed development. The system has been designed to collect and control the 100-year design storm event runoff from the proposed development under typical operating conditions.

Under emergency conditions, where catch basin grates or maintenance hole grates are blocked, or the Regional storm event occurs, rooftop and parking lot runoff will be safely conveyed to the municipal ROW via the Dunn Street driveway entrance. The overland flow route capacity was checked at this location, which represents the cross section where the greatest overland peak flow rate is expected to occur. This cross section conveys the 100-year uncontrolled peak flow of 0.23 m³/s from the upstream area at the depth of 0.03 m, resulting in a maximum ponding depth of 0.28 m at upstream maintenance hole structure ST2. Therefore, safe access and egress is provided into the parking lot, as the maximum allowable depth for safe vehicle passage is 0.30 m.

Detailed storm sewer design sheet and overland flow route calculations are provided in Appendix B.

3.5 Water Quality Control

Enhanced Level water quality control corresponding to 80% TSS removal is required for the proposed development.

Water quality controls will be provided for the 0.61 ha drainage area contributing to the

underground SWM controls via a Canadian Environmental Verified Technology (CA ETV) certified oil and grit separator unit (Stormceptor EFO6 or approved equivalent), which has a corresponding TSS removal rate of up to 62% under the CA ETV particle distribution, and 92% under the fine particle distribution. Water quality controls will be provided for the remaining 0.13 ha area consisting of Catchment 203 and Catchment 99 in the form of grass filter strips, which have a corresponding TSS removal of 40% per the CVC/TRCA Low Impact Development SWM Planning and Design Guide (2010).

A weighted average of the removal rates has been calculated to ensure that 80% TSS removal is provided for the overall development, per the calculation below:

$$\frac{0.92 \times \text{Controlled Area} + 0.40 \times \text{Uncontrolled Area}}{\text{Total Area}} = \frac{0.92 \times 0.61 + 0.40 \times 0.13}{0.73} = 84\% \text{ Overall TSS Removal}$$

As shown, the overall TSS removal for the development area is 84%, and therefore, water quality requirements for the site are satisfied.

3.6 Siltation and Erosion Control

A construction erosion and sediment control plan shall be implemented on this site for all construction activities, including earthworks, material stockpiling, pavement construction and grading operations to ensure no impact on the adjacent lands and or municipal storm sewer. The erosion control measures proposed include:

- Heavy duty siltation control fences to prevent transport of sediment to adjacent properties;
- Stone mud mat at the construction entrance from Dunn Street; and
- Silt sacks installed in catch basin and maintenance hole structures to prevent sediment from entering the municipal storm sewer.

Regular inspection of control measures will be completed during construction and repairs made as necessary. Following the completion of construction, erosion control measures shall remain in place and maintained by the Contractor until vegetation cover is established.

Details of the siltation and erosion control plan are shown on the Siltation and Erosion Control Plan (Drawing C-05).

4 Summary

This SWM report demonstrates that the proposed development at 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls will not adversely affect local surface water conditions.

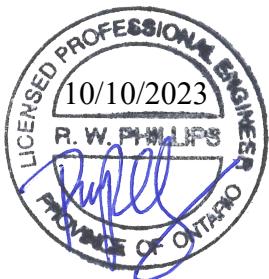
Water quantity controls will be provided via a combination of underground storm sewer, storm structures, and a StormTank module system to provide water quantity controls before discharging to the Dunn Street right of way. The 2-year through 100-year storm runoff from the site will be controlled to pre-development peak flow rates. An oil and grit separator unit will be implemented to provide quality controls.

The proposed SWM plan demonstrates that the proposed development will not negatively impact landowners adjacent to or downstream of the subject site. Siltation and erosion controls will be provided to mitigate erosion and sedimentation impacts during construction.

We trust this SWM report is sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the City of Niagara Falls.

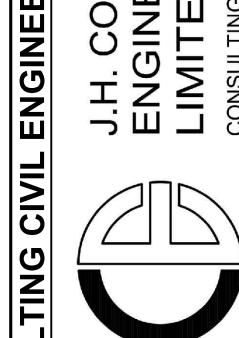
Report prepared by:

J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED



R.W. Phillips, P.Eng.

APPENDIX A: DRAWINGS



T.B.M. No. 1 ELEV. = 193.10m (E.O.)
A. 100mm DIA. D. 100mm
B. 100mm DIA. D. 100mm
C. 100mm DIA. D. 100mm
D. 100mm DIA. D. 100mm
AS SHOWN (ESTIMATED) IN DRAWING, USE AS SHOWN

C.I.B. ORIFICE PLATE SIZING

OFFICE PLATE

CONFIGURATION

OPENING

100mm

NUMBER

1

1

1

100mm

1

1

1

CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS

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NOTES:

- ALL ELEVATIONS & DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE METRIC.
- ELEVATIONS MAY VARY PER DRAFTER'S APPROVAL.
- WHERE ONLY ONE ELEVATION IS SHOWN, EXISTING AND NEW ELEVATIONS ARE SAME.
- ALL ELEVATIONS ARE SHOWN AS ELEVATION.
- THE SLOPES ON THIS PLAN ARE CONSIDERED TO BE THE MINIMUM REQUIRED TO AVOID SITE CONSTRUCTION AND EROSION. CONSTRUCTION AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE DIRECTED TOWARDS LANeways WHERE POSSIBLE.
- CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE SILT SACKS ON TOP OF ALL EXISTING AND NEW STORM DRAINS, TRENCHES AND DITCHES WITHIN THE INFLUENCE OF EROSION CONTROL MEASURES UNTIL ADEQUATE EROSION COVER IS ACHIEVED.
- OWNER-CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN EROSION CONTROL MEASURES UNTIL COMPLETE GRASS/VEGETATION COVER IS ACHIEVED.
- ONLY AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENGINEER ASL, THE SEC MEASURES TO BE REMOVED.
- ALL RAINGWATER LEADERS FROM EACH UNIT ARE TO BE DIRECTED TOWARDS LANeways WHERE POSSIBLE.
- CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE SILT SACKS ON TOP OF ALL EXISTING AND NEW STORM DRAINS, TRENCHES AND DITCHES WITHIN THE INFLUENCE OF EROSION CONTROL MEASURES UNTIL ADEQUATE EROSION COVER IS ACHIEVED.
- CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE SILT FENCE AROUND PERIMETER OF ALL ON SITE STOCKPLACES.

LEGEND:

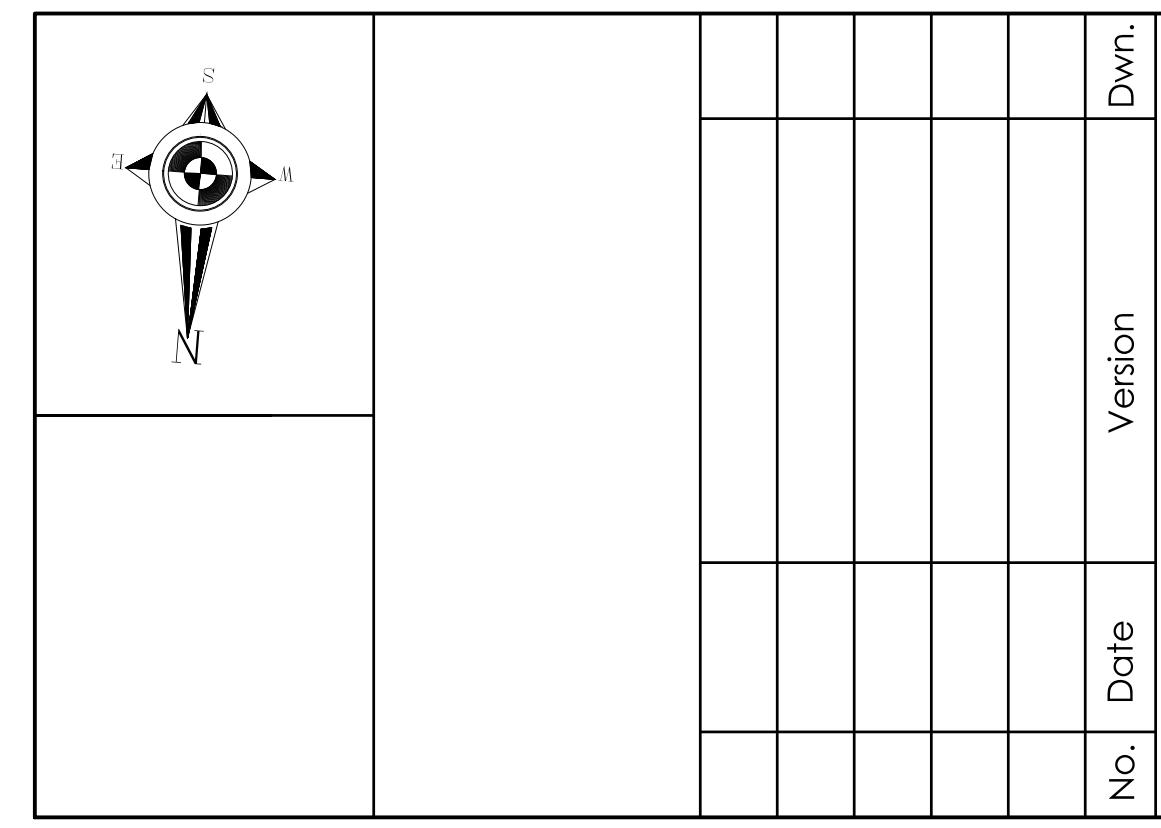


SILT FENCE



SILT SACK AS SHOWN

Contractor & DRAFTER must check and verify all dimensions before executing the work and report discrepancies and should not scale or measure the drawings. All dimensions and related documents are the copyright of the designer and must be returned upon request. All the work must be in compliance with ONTARIO BUILDING CODE. Reproduction of drawings, plans, specifications and related documents is prohibited. This drawing is not to be used for construction until signed and stamped by the designer.



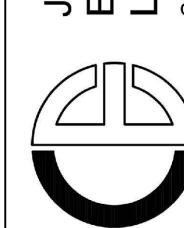
PROJECT: TOWNHOMES DEVELOPMENT
No. Date Version Dwn.

SILTATION AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN

DRAWN BY: K.P.B. DATE: OCT. 10/23
CHECKED BY: R.W.P. SCALE: 1:250
PROJECT NO.: DRAWING NO.:
16363 C-05



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APPENDIX B: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS

**J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED
PRE-DEVELOPMENT CATCHMENTS
LAND USE BREAKDOWN**

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street
PROJECT #: 16363
DATE: October 10, 2023

Area Description	Runoff Coefficient	Land Use Areas (ha)
		1
Parks/Open Space	0.20	0.662
Low Density Residential	0.50	
Medium Density Residential	0.65	
High Density Residential	0.75	
Institutional	0.75	
Industrial	0.75	
Commercial	0.90	
Paved Areas	0.95	0.068
	Total Area (ha)	0.730
	Composite Runoff Coefficient	0.27

Runoff Coefficient values per Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management Policies and Guidelines

Time of Concentration Calculation Parameters	101
Calculation Method	Airport
Catchment Area (ha)	0.73
Catchment Length (m)	76.71
Slope (%)	2%
Time of Concentration (min)	19.35

**J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED
POST-DEVELOPMENT CATCHMENTS
LAND USE BREAKDOWN**

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street
PROJECT #: 16363
DATE: October 10, 2023

From Post-Development Drainage Plan:

Catchment ID	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	97	98	99
Area	0.124	0.044	0.094	0.051	0.06	0.041	0.041	0.075	0.079	0.014	0.012	0.097
% Impervious	93%	42%	93%	90%	89%	52%	51%	99%	97%	26%	25%	26%

To simplify the analysis, Catchments 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 have been combined and defined as Catchment 201 for the purpose of determining major peak flows and required SWM Controls. Catchments 97 and 98 have been combined and defined as Catchment 202.

Area Description	Runoff Coefficient	Land Use Areas			
		201	202	99	
Parks/Open Space	0.20	0.096	0.019	0.072	
Low Density Residential	0.50				
Medium Density Residential	0.65				
High Density Residential	0.75				
Institutional	0.75				
Industrial	0.75				
Commercial	0.90				
Paved Areas	0.95	0.513	0.007	0.025	
Total Area (ha)		0.609	0.026	0.097	
Composite Runoff Coefficient		0.83	0.39	0.40	

Runoff Coefficient values per Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority Stormwater Management Policies and Guidelines

**J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED
MODIFIED RATIONAL CALCULATION**

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street
PROJECT #: 16363
DATE: 10-Oct-23

CITY OF NIAGARA FALLS IDF PARAMETERS

Design Storm	2YR	5YR	10YR	25YR	100YR
A	521.97	719.5	577.93	1020.69	1264.57
B	5.280	6.340	2.483	7.290	7.720
C	0.7588	0.7687	0.669	0.779	0.7814

PRE-DEVELOPMENT ANALYSIS

Catchment ID: **100**
Catchment Area (ha): **0.73**
Runoff Coefficient: **0.27**
Time of Concentration (min): **19.3**

RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION (Q = CIA/360)

	i (mm/hr)	C	Q (m ³ /s)
2YR	45.90	0.27	0.025
5YR	59.35	0.27	0.032
10YR	73.46	0.27	0.040
25YR	79.15	0.30	0.048
100YR	96.08	0.34	0.066

POST-DEVELOPMENT ANALYSIS

Controlled to Dunn Street
Catchment ID: **201**
Catchment Area (ha): **0.61**
Runoff Coefficient: **0.83**
Time of Concentration (min): **10**

RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION (Q = CIA/360)

	i (mm/hr)	C	Q (m ³ /s)
2YR	65.94	0.83	0.093
5YR	84.02	0.83	0.118
10YR	106.77	0.83	0.150
25YR	110.83	0.92	0.172
100YR	133.78	1.00	0.226

Uncontrolled to Dunn Street

Catchment ID: **202**
Catchment Area (ha): **0.03**
Runoff Coefficient: **0.39**
Time of Concentration (min): **10**

i (mm/hr)

	i (mm/hr)	C	Q (m ³ /s)
2YR	65.94	0.39	0.002
5YR	84.02	0.39	0.002
10YR	106.77	0.39	0.003
25YR	110.83	0.43	0.003
100YR	133.78	0.49	0.005

Uncontrolled to South P/L

Catchment ID: **203**
Catchment Area (ha): **0.10**
Runoff Coefficient: **0.40**
Time of Concentration (min): **10**

i (mm/hr)

	i (mm/hr)	C	Q (m ³ /s)
2YR	65.94	0.40	0.007
5YR	84.02	0.40	0.009
10YR	106.77	0.40	0.011
25YR	110.83	0.43	0.013
100YR	133.78	0.49	0.018

PEAK RUNOFF RATE SUMMARY

Storm	Q _{EXISTING}	Q _{NO CONTROLS}	Q _{UNCONTROLLED}	Q _{CONTROLLED}	Q _{TOTAL}
2YR	0.025	0.102	0.009	0.016	0.025 m ³ /s
5YR	0.032	0.130	0.011	0.019	0.030 m ³ /s
10YR	0.040	0.165	0.014	0.022	0.036 m ³ /s
25YR	0.048	0.188	0.016	0.023	0.039 m ³ /s
100YR	0.066	0.249	0.023	0.027	0.050 m ³ /s

REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUMES (m³) - MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION
(V_p = Q_p x D - Q_o x ((D + Tc)/2))

Dur (min)	2YR	5YR	10YR	25YR	100YR
60	77.4	106.2	138.8	165.9	228.4
70	77.8	107.5	142.7	169.1	233.8
80	77.6	108.0	145.6	171.0	237.5
90	76.9	107.8	147.6	172.0	239.9
100	75.9	107.1	149.1	172.2	241.3
110	74.5	106.1	150.0	171.8	241.8
120	72.9	104.6	150.5	170.9	241.6
130	71.1	102.9	150.5	169.5	240.8
140	69.0	101.0	150.3	167.8	239.6

J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED
SWM FACILITY VOLUME TABLES

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls
 PROJECT #: 16363
 DATE: 10-Oct-23

STORMTANK MODULE ST-36 & ST-24

Leveling Stone Bottom Elev (m)	188.6500	Outlet Elevation (m)	188.82
ST-36 Module Invert (m)	188.7560	Clear Stone Void Ratio	0.40
Top of ST-36 Module Elev (m)	189.6700	ST-36 Module Void Ratio	0.97
ST-24 Module Invert (m)	189.6700	ST-24 Module Void Ratio	0.96
Top of ST-24 Module Elev (m)	190.2800	Stone Area (m ²)	182.800
Top of Stone Backfill (m)	190.5848	Module Area (m ²)	163.463

STORM SEWERS

ID	TANK-ST4	ST4-ST2
DIA. (m)	0.600	0.600
U/S INV	188.82	188.79
D/S INV	188.81	188.66
AVG INV	188.82	188.73
Length (m)	4.0	42.4

STRUCTURES

ID	ST4	ST2
T/G	191.90	191.90
INV	188.79	188.64
DIA. (m)	1.5	1.5
Area (m ²)	1.77	1.77

Elevation m	Depth m	STORMTANK MODULE ST-36 & ST-24						SEWER & STRUCTURES				TOTAL ACTIVE STORAGE m ³
		Stone Area m ²	Module Area m ²	Incremental Stone Vol. m ³	Incremental Module Vol. m ³	Accum. Stone Vol. m ³	Accum. Module Vol. m ³	TANK-ST4 m ³	ST4-ST2 m ³	ST4 m ³	ST2 m ³	
188.64	0.00	182.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
188.76	0.12	182.80	163.46	8.48	0.00	8.48	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00	0.20	0.61
188.82	0.18	19.34	163.46	0.50	10.15	8.98	10.15	0.01	1.25	0.05	0.32	1.62
188.92	0.28	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	9.75	26.00	0.22	4.26	0.23	0.49	21.06
189.02	0.38	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	10.52	41.86	0.48	7.36	0.41	0.67	40.64
189.12	0.48	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	11.30	57.72	0.72	9.86	0.58	0.85	59.58
189.22	0.58	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	12.07	73.57	0.83	10.81	0.76	1.02	76.86
189.32	0.68	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	12.84	89.43	1.01	11.99	0.94	1.20	94.41
189.42	0.78	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	13.62	105.28	1.13	11.99	1.11	1.38	110.75
189.52	0.88	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	14.39	121.14	1.13	11.99	1.29	1.56	126.96
189.62	0.98	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.86	15.16	137.00	1.13	11.99	1.47	1.73	143.17
189.67	1.03	19.34	163.46	0.39	7.93	15.55	144.92	1.13	11.99	1.56	1.82	151.27
189.72	1.08	19.34	163.46	0.39	7.85	15.94	152.77	1.13	11.99	1.64	1.91	159.29
189.82	1.18	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	16.71	168.46	1.13	11.99	1.82	2.09	175.34
189.92	1.28	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	17.49	184.15	1.13	11.99	2.00	2.26	191.38
190.02	1.38	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	18.26	199.85	1.13	11.99	2.17	2.44	207.43
190.12	1.48	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	19.03	215.54	1.13	11.99	2.35	2.62	223.48
190.22	1.58	19.34	163.46	0.77	15.69	19.81	231.23	1.13	11.99	2.53	2.79	239.52
190.28	1.64	19.34	163.46	0.46	9.42	20.27	240.65	1.13	11.99	2.63	2.90	249.15
190.38	1.74	182.80	0.00	7.31	0.00	27.58	240.65	1.13	11.99	2.81	3.07	249.50
190.48	1.84	182.80	0.00	7.31	0.00	34.89	240.65	1.13	11.99	2.99	3.25	249.86
190.58	1.94	182.80	0.00	7.66	0.00	42.56	240.65	1.13	11.99	3.17	3.44	250.23

Note: Total Active Storage Volume does not include stone storage to be conservative.

J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED
SWM FACILITY DISCHARGE TABLE

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls
 PROJECT #: 16363
 DATE: 10-Oct-23

OUTLET #1		
100 mm Orifice Plate		
Diameter =	100	mm
Area =	0.008	m^2
Orifice C =	0.63	
Invert =	188.64	m

Orifice Equation

$$Q = C \times A \times (2gH)^{0.5}$$

where

Q = flow rate (m^3/s)

C = constant

A = area of opening (m^2)

H = net head on the orifice

g = acceleration due to gravity (9.81 m/s^2)

Elevation m	OUTLET #1		TOTAL DISCHARGE m^3/s
	Head m	Discharge m^3/s	
188.64	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
188.76	0.07	0.0056	0.0056
188.82	0.13	0.0079	0.0079
188.92	0.23	0.0105	0.0105
189.02	0.33	0.0126	0.0126
189.12	0.43	0.0144	0.0144
189.22	0.53	0.0160	0.0160
189.32	0.63	0.0174	0.0174
189.42	0.73	0.0187	0.0187
189.52	0.83	0.0200	0.0200
189.62	0.93	0.0211	0.0211
189.72	1.03	0.0222	0.0222
189.82	1.13	0.0233	0.0233
189.92	1.23	0.0243	0.0243
190.02	1.33	0.0253	0.0253
190.12	1.43	0.0262	0.0262
190.22	1.53	0.0271	0.0271
190.28	1.59	0.0276	0.0276
190.38	1.69	0.0285	0.0285
190.48	1.79	0.0293	0.0293
190.58	1.89	0.0302	0.0302

J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED
SWM FACILITY SUMMARY TABLES

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls
 PROJECT #: 16363
 DATE: 10-Oct-23

STAGE STORAGE DISCHARGE TABLE

Elevation m	Active Depth m	Total Discharge m³/s	Active Storage Volume m³
188.64	0.00	0.0000	0.00
188.76	0.12	0.0056	0.61
188.82	0.18	0.0079	1.62
188.92	0.28	0.0105	21.06
189.02	0.38	0.0126	40.64
189.12	0.48	0.0144	59.58
189.22	0.58	0.0160	76.86
189.32	0.68	0.0174	94.41
189.42	0.78	0.0187	110.75
189.52	0.88	0.0200	126.96
189.62	0.98	0.0211	143.17
189.72	1.08	0.0222	159.29
189.82	1.18	0.0233	175.34
189.92	1.28	0.0243	191.38
190.02	1.38	0.0253	207.43
190.12	1.48	0.0262	223.48
190.22	1.58	0.0271	239.52
190.28	1.64	0.0276	249.15
190.38	1.74	0.0285	249.50
190.48	1.84	0.0293	249.86
190.58	1.94	0.0302	250.23

SWMF OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

Storm Event	Peak Flow m³/s	Storage Provided m³	Elevation m
2-year	0.016	77.8	189.23
5-year	0.019	108.0	189.40
10-year	0.022	150.5	189.67
25-year	0.023	172.2	189.80
100-year	0.027	241.8	190.23

J.H. COHOON ENGINEERING LIMITED
STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

PROJECT: 5858 Dunn Street, Niagara Falls
PROJECT #: 16363
DATE: October 10, 2023

Municipality	
City of Niagara Falls	
Runoff Coefficient Adjustment	
Year	Adj. Factor
10	1
25	1.1
50	1.2
100	1.25

Manning's Coefficient	
Pipe	Value
CSP	0.024
Concrete	0.013
PVC	0.013
Time of Concentration	
10 mins	

IDF Curve Coefficients			
Year	A	B	C
2	521.970	5.280	0.759
5	719.500	6.340	0.769
10	577.930	2.483	0.669
25	1020.690	7.290	0.779
50			
100	1264.570	7.720	0.781

Rainfall Intensity: $i = \frac{A}{(tc+B)^C}$

Peak Flow: $Q = \frac{CiA}{360}$

STREET NAME	AREA ID	FROM MAINTENANCE HOLE	TO MAINTENANCE HOLE	AREA (ha)	5-YEAR RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	DESIGN STORM (YEAR)	ADJUSTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	AREA x RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	CUMULATIVE AREA (ha)	CUMULATIVE AREA x ADJUSTED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	TIME OF CONCENTRATION (min)	RAINFALL INTENSITY (mm/hr)	PEAK FLOW (m³/s)	MANNING'S ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT	SEWER LENGTH (m)	SEWER SLOPE (%)	ACTUAL SEWER DIAMETER (mm)	FULL FLOW VELOCITY (m/s)	FULL FLOW CAPACITY (m³/s)	ACTUAL VELOCITY (m/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)	CALCULATED PIPE DIAMETER (mm)	PERCENTAGE OF FULL FLOW CAPACITY (%)	TOTAL TRAVEL TIME (min)
5858 Dunn Street	10	ST10	ST9	0.08	0.93	100	1.00	0.08	0.079	0.08	10.00	133.78	0.029	0.013	30.3	3.3%	250	2.20	0.108	1.76	0.29	153	27%	10.29
5858 Dunn Street	9	ST9	ST5	0.08	0.94	100	1.00	0.08	0.15	0.15	10.29	132.11	0.057	0.013	27.9	0.3%	375	0.87	0.096	0.85	0.55	307	59%	10.84
5858 Dunn Street	8	ST8	ST7	0.04	0.58	100	0.73	0.03	0.04	0.03	10.00	133.78	0.011	0.013	44.3	1.2%	250	1.30	0.064	0.91	0.81	129	17%	10.81
5858 Dunn Street	7	ST7	ST6	0.04	0.59	100	0.74	0.03	0.08	0.06	10.81	129.20	0.022	0.013	15.0	0.3%	250	0.70	0.034	0.69	0.36	210	63%	11.17
5858 Dunn Street	6	ST6	ST5	0.06	0.87	100	1.00	0.06	0.14	0.12	11.17	127.25	0.042	0.013	18.5	0.3%	300	0.75	0.053	0.75	0.41	276	80%	11.58
5858 Dunn Street	5	ST5	TANK	0.05	0.88	100	1.00	0.05	0.35	0.32	10.84	129.04	0.116	0.013	4.0	0.3%	450	0.98	0.156	0.98	0.07	403	75%	10.91
5859 Dunn Street	N/A	TANK	ST4	0.00	0.95	100	1.00	0.00	0.35	0.33	10.91	128.67	0.116	0.013	4.0	0.3%	600	1.19	0.336	1.00	0.07	403	35%	10.97
5858 Dunn Street	4	ST4	ST3	0.09	0.90	100	1.00	0.09	0.44	0.42	10.97	128.31	0.149	0.013	42.4	0.3%	600	1.19	0.336	1.07	0.66	442	44%	11.63
5858 Dunn Street	3	ST3	ST2	0.04	0.51	100	0.64	0.03	0.49	0.45	11.63	124.89	0.155	0.013	22.6	1.9%	375	2.16	0.238	2.16	0.17	319	65%	11.80
5858 Dunn Street	2	ST2	ST1	0.12	0.89	100	1.00	0.12	0.61	0.57	11.80	124.02	0.197											

Note: All Storm pipes upstream of ST2 have been sized to collect and convey the 100-year storm event in order to provide SWM Controls for the subject site. Maintenance hole structure ST2 is fitted with a 100 mm dia. orifice plate to control peak flow rates to pre-development levels.

Channel Report

16363 - Overland Flow at Dunn Street Driveway Entrance

Rectangular

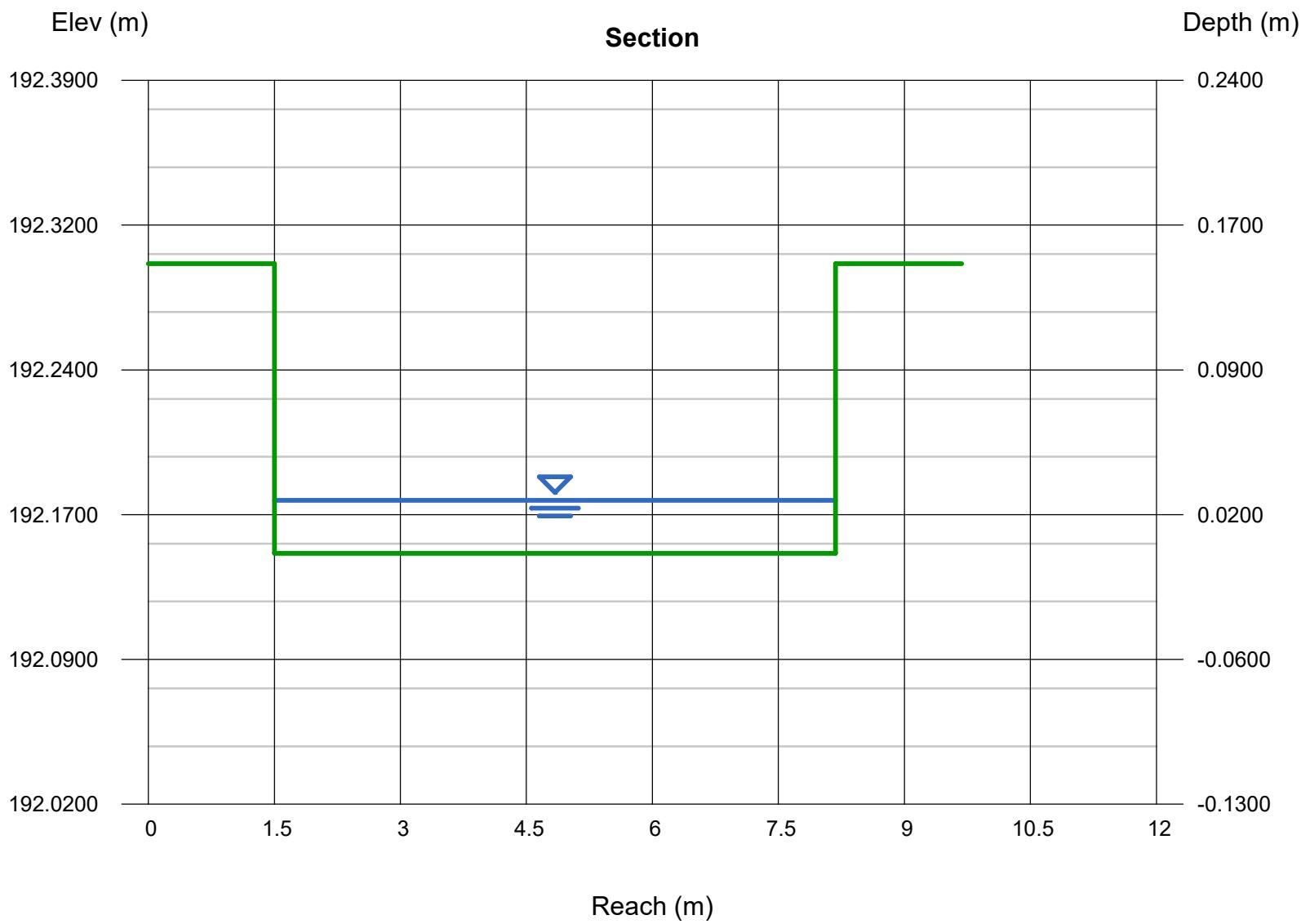
Bottom Width (m)	= 6.6800
Total Depth (m)	= 0.1500
Invert Elev (m)	= 192.1500
Slope (%)	= 3.4000
N-Value	= 0.013

Highlighted

Depth (m)	= 0.0274
Q (cms)	= 0.226
Area (sqm)	= 0.1832
Velocity (m/s)	= 1.2333
Wetted Perim (m)	= 6.7349
Crit Depth, Yc (m)	= 0.0518
Top Width (m)	= 6.6800
EGL (m)	= 0.1050

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cms) = 0.2260



APPENDIX C: OIL AND GRIT SEPARATOR SIZING

Imbrium® Systems

ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SEDIMENT (TSS) LOAD REDUCTION

10/05/2023

Province:	Ontario
City:	City of Niagara Falls
Nearest Rainfall Station:	ST CATHARINES AP
Climate Station Id:	6137287
Years of Rainfall Data:	33
Site Name:	5858 Dunn Street
Drainage Area (ha):	0.61
Runoff Coefficient 'c':	0.83

Project Name:	5858 Dunn Street
Project Number:	16363
Designer Name:	Nicole Foris
Designer Company:	J.H. Cohoon Engineering Limited
Designer Email:	nforis@cohooneng.com
Designer Phone:	519-753-2656
EOR Name:	
EOR Company:	
EOR Email:	
EOR Phone:	

Particle Size Distribution:	CA ETV
Target TSS Removal (%):	60.0
Required Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%):	90.00
Estimated Water Quality Flow Rate (L/s):	15.74
Oil / Fuel Spill Risk Site?	Yes
Upstream Flow Control?	Yes
Upstream Orifice Control Flow Rate to Stormceptor (L/s):	31.00
Peak Conveyance (maximum) Flow Rate (L/s):	31.00
Influent TSS Concentration (mg/L):	200
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Load (kg/yr):	453
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Volume (L/yr):	369

**Net Annual Sediment
(TSS) Load Reduction
Sizing Summary**

Stormceptor Model	TSS Removal Provided (%)
EFO4	55
EFO6	62
EFO8	65
EFO10	68
EFO12	69

Recommended Stormceptor EFO Model: **EFO6**Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction (%): **62**Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%): **> 90**

THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

► **Stormceptor® EF and Stormceptor® EFO** are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor® oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the **ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV)** protocol.

PERFORMANCE

► **Stormceptor® EF and EFO** remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patent-pending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including high-intensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterways.

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

► The **Canadian ETV PSD** shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

Particle Size (μm)	Percent Less Than	Particle Size Fraction (μm)	Percent
1000	100	500-1000	5
500	95	250-500	5
250	90	150-250	15
150	75	100-150	15
100	60	75-100	10
75	50	50-75	5
50	45	20-50	10
20	35	8-20	15
8	20	5-8	10
5	10	2-5	5
2	5	<2	5



Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

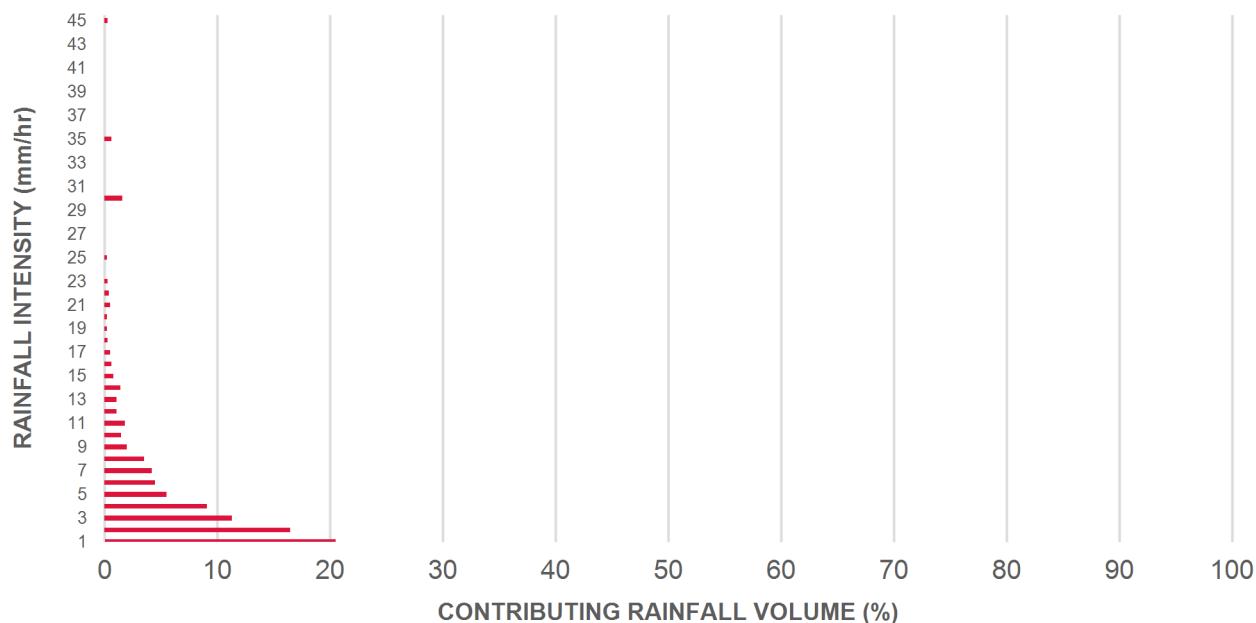
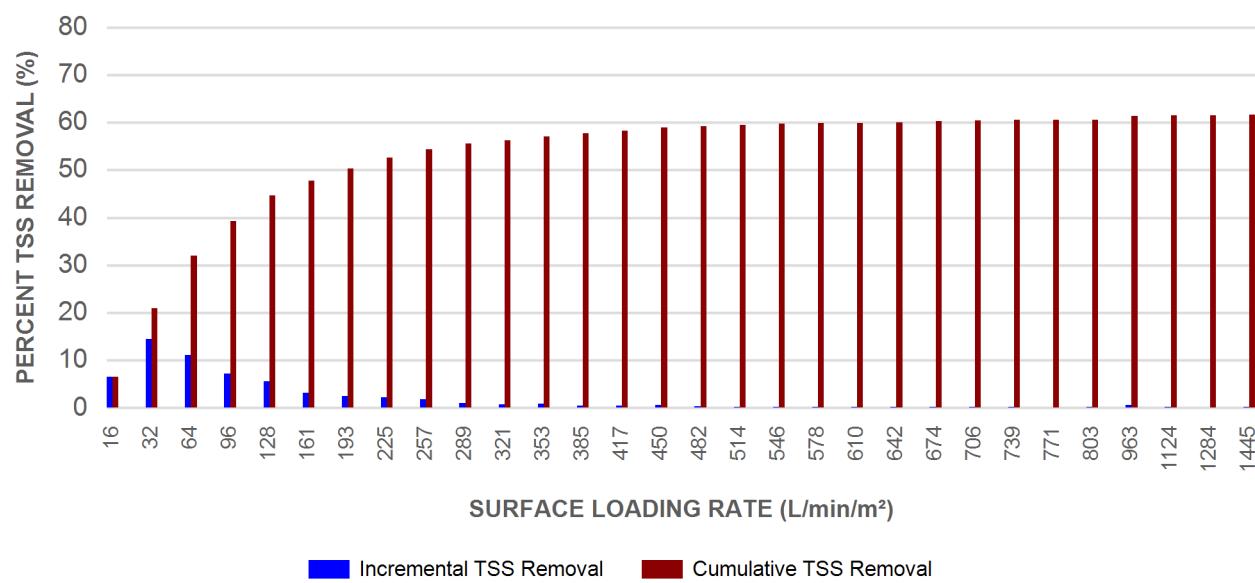
Upstream Flow Controlled Results

Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr)	Percent Rainfall Volume (%)	Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%)	Flow Rate (L/s)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)	Cumulative Removal (%)
0.50	9.2	9.2	0.70	42.0	16.0	70	6.5	6.5
1.00	20.5	29.7	1.41	84.0	32.0	70	14.4	20.9
2.00	16.5	46.2	2.82	169.0	64.0	67	11.1	32.0
3.00	11.3	57.5	4.22	253.0	96.0	63	7.2	39.2
4.00	9.1	66.7	5.63	338.0	128.0	61	5.5	44.7
5.00	5.5	72.2	7.04	422.0	161.0	57	3.2	47.8
6.00	4.5	76.7	8.45	507.0	193.0	55	2.5	50.3
7.00	4.2	80.9	9.85	591.0	225.0	53	2.3	52.6
8.00	3.5	84.4	11.26	676.0	257.0	53	1.8	54.4
9.00	2.0	86.5	12.67	760.0	289.0	52	1.1	55.5
10.00	1.5	88.0	14.08	845.0	321.0	50	0.7	56.2
11.00	1.8	89.8	15.48	929.0	353.0	50	0.9	57.1
12.00	1.1	90.9	16.89	1013.0	385.0	49	0.5	57.7
13.00	1.1	92.0	18.30	1098.0	417.0	48	0.5	58.2
14.00	1.4	93.4	19.71	1182.0	450.0	47	0.7	58.9
15.00	0.8	94.2	21.11	1267.0	482.0	46	0.4	59.2
16.00	0.6	94.8	22.52	1351.0	514.0	45	0.3	59.5
17.00	0.5	95.3	23.93	1436.0	546.0	44	0.2	59.7
18.00	0.3	95.6	25.34	1520.0	578.0	43	0.1	59.9
19.00	0.2	95.9	26.74	1605.0	610.0	42	0.1	59.9
20.00	0.2	96.1	28.15	1689.0	642.0	42	0.1	60.0
21.00	0.5	96.6	29.56	1773.0	674.0	42	0.2	60.3
22.00	3.4	100.0	30.97	1858.0	706.0	42	1.4	61.7
23.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7
24.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7
25.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7
30.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7
35.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7
40.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7
45.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	707.0	42	0.0	61.7
Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction =								62 %

Climate Station ID: 6137287 Years of Rainfall Data: 33

Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

RAINFALL DATA FROM ST CATHARINES AP RAINFALL STATION

INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE TSS REMOVAL
FOR THE RECOMMENDED STORMCEPTOR® MODEL

Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Min Angle Inlet / Outlet Pipes	Max Inlet Pipe Diameter		Max Outlet Pipe Diameter		Peak Conveyance Flow Rate	
	(m)	(ft)		(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(L/s)	(cfs)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	90	609	24	609	24	425	15
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	90	914	36	914	36	990	35
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	90	1219	48	1219	48	1700	60
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	90	1828	72	1828	72	2830	100

SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

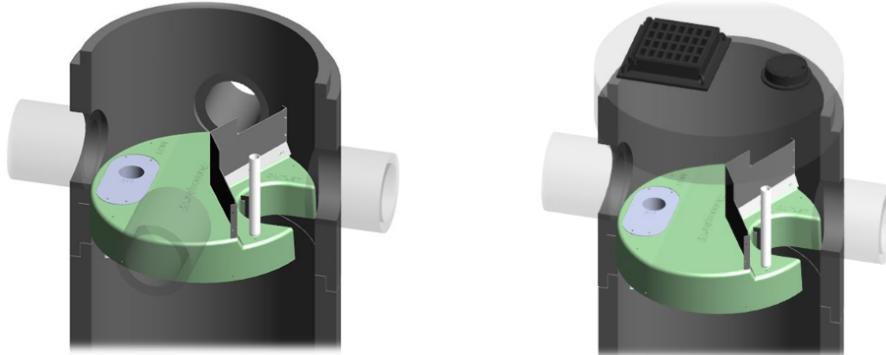
► Stormceptor® EF and EFO feature an internal bypass and superior scour prevention technology that have been demonstrated in third-party testing according to the scour testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, and the exceptional scour test performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 ETV protocol. As a result, Stormceptor EF and EFO are approved for online installation, eliminating the need for costly additional bypass structures, piping, and installation expense.

DESIGN FLEXIBILITY

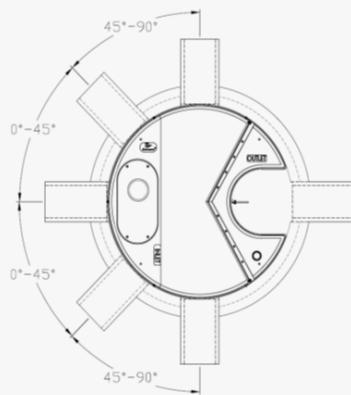
► Stormceptor® EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION

► While Stormceptor® EF will capture and retain oil from dry weather spills and low intensity runoff, Stormceptor® EFO has demonstrated superior oil capture and greater than 99% oil retention in third-party testing according to the light liquid re-entrainment testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators. Stormceptor EFO is recommended for sites where oil capture and retention is a requirement.



Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report



INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

0° - 45° : The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

45° - 90° : The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

HEAD LOSS

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1. For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

Pollutant Capacity

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Depth (Outlet Pipe Invert to Sump Floor)		Oil Volume		Recommended Sediment Maintenance Depth *		Maximum Sediment Volume *		Maximum Sediment Mass **	
	(m)	(ft)	(m)	(ft)	(L)	(Gal)	(mm)	(in)	(L)	(ft³)	(kg)	(lb)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	1.52	5.0	265	70	203	8	1190	42	1904	5250
EF6 / EFO6	1.8	6	1.93	6.3	610	160	305	12	3470	123	5552	15375
EF8 / EFO8	2.4	8	2.59	8.5	1070	280	610	24	8780	310	14048	38750
EF10 / EFO10	3.0	10	3.25	10.7	1670	440	610	24	17790	628	28464	78500
EF12 / EFO12	3.6	12	3.89	12.8	2475	655	610	24	31220	1103	49952	137875

*Increased sump depth may be added to increase sediment storage capacity

** Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft³)

Feature	Benefit	Feature Appeals To
Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment and scour prevention technology	Superior, verified third-party performance	Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer
Third-party verified light liquid capture and retention for EFO version	Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot locations	Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, Site Owner
Functions as bend, junction or inlet structure	Design flexibility	Specifying & Design Engineer
Minimal drop between inlet and outlet	Site installation ease	Contractor
Large diameter outlet riser for inspection and maintenance	Easy maintenance access from grade	Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

For standard details, please visit <http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef>

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

For specifications, please visit <http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef>

Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

Table of TSS Removal vs Surface Loading Rate Based on Third-Party Test Results
Stormceptor® EFO

SLR (L/min/m ²)	TSS % REMOVAL						
1	70	660	42	1320	35	1980	24
30	70	690	42	1350	35	2010	24
60	67	720	41	1380	34	2040	23
90	63	750	41	1410	34	2070	23
120	61	780	41	1440	33	2100	23
150	58	810	41	1470	32	2130	22
180	56	840	41	1500	32	2160	22
210	54	870	41	1530	31	2190	22
240	53	900	41	1560	31	2220	21
270	52	930	40	1590	30	2250	21
300	51	960	40	1620	29	2280	21
330	50	990	40	1650	29	2310	21
360	49	1020	40	1680	28	2340	20
390	48	1050	39	1710	28	2370	20
420	47	1080	39	1740	27	2400	20
450	47	1110	38	1770	27	2430	20
480	46	1140	38	1800	26	2460	19
510	45	1170	37	1830	26	2490	19
540	44	1200	37	1860	26	2520	19
570	43	1230	37	1890	25	2550	19
600	42	1260	36	1920	25	2580	18
630	42	1290	36	1950	24	2600	26

**STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR
“OIL GRIT SEPARATOR” (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE****PART 1 – GENERAL****1.1 WORK INCLUDED**

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)

Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program’s **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**

1.3 SUBMITTALS

1.3.1 All submittals, including sizing reports & shop drawings, shall be submitted upon request with each order to the contractor then forwarded to the Engineer of Record for review and acceptance. Shop drawings shall detail all OGS components, elevations, and sequence of construction.

1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.

1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS**2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE**

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

2.1.1	4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	1.19 m ³ sediment / 265 L oil
	6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	3.48 m ³ sediment / 609 L oil
	8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	8.78 m ³ sediment / 1,071 L oil
	10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	17.78 m ³ sediment / 1,673 L oil
	12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	31.23 m ³ sediment / 2,476 L oil

PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN**3.1 GENERAL**

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall

Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing of the OGS shall be determined by use of a minimum ten (10) years of local historical rainfall data provided by Environment Canada. Sizing shall also be determined by use of the sediment removal performance data derived from the ISO 14034 ETV third-party verified laboratory testing data from testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV protocol Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, as follows:

3.2.1 Sediment removal efficiency for a given surface loading rate and its associated flow rate shall be based on sediment removal efficiency demonstrated at the seven (7) tested surface loading rates specified in the protocol, ranging 40 L/min/m² to 1400 L/min/m², and as stated in the ISO 14034 ETV Verification Statement for the OGS device.

3.2.2 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates between 40 L/min/m² and 1400 L/min/m² shall be based on linear interpolation of data between consecutive tested surface loading rates.

3.2.3 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates less than the lowest tested surface loading rate of 40 L/min/m² shall be assumed to be identical to the sediment removal efficiency at 40 L/min/m². No extrapolation shall be allowed that results in a sediment removal efficiency that is greater than that demonstrated at 40 L/min/m².

3.2.4 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates greater than the highest tested surface loading rate of 1400 L/min/m² shall assume zero sediment removal for the portion of flow that exceeds 1400 L/min/m², and shall be calculated using a simple proportioning formula, with 1400 L/min/m² in the numerator and the higher surface loading rate in the denominator, and multiplying the resulting fraction times the sediment removal efficiency at 1400 L/min/m².

The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**.

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m².

3.4 LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**, with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This re-entrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to



Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates.

3.4.1 For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m² to 2600 L/min/m²) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.



Imbrium® Systems
ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SEDIMENT (TSS) LOAD REDUCTION

10/05/2023

Province:	Ontario
City:	City of Niagara Falls
Nearest Rainfall Station:	ST CATHARINES AP
Climate Station Id:	6137287
Years of Rainfall Data:	33

Project Name:	5858 Dunn Street
Project Number:	16363
Designer Name:	Nicole Foris
Designer Company:	J.H. Cohoon Engineering Limited
Designer Email:	nforis@cohooneng.com
Designer Phone:	519-753-2656
EOR Name:	
EOR Company:	
EOR Email:	
EOR Phone:	

Site Name:	5858 Dunn Street (Fine)
Drainage Area (ha):	0.61
Runoff Coefficient 'c':	0.83

Particle Size Distribution:	Fine
Target TSS Removal (%):	80.0
Required Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%):	90.00
Estimated Water Quality Flow Rate (L/s):	15.74
Oil / Fuel Spill Risk Site?	Yes
Upstream Flow Control?	Yes
Upstream Orifice Control Flow Rate to Stormceptor (L/s):	31.00
Peak Conveyance (maximum) Flow Rate (L/s):	31.00
Influent TSS Concentration (mg/L):	200
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Load (kg/yr):	607
Estimated Average Annual Sediment Volume (L/yr):	493

**Net Annual Sediment
(TSS) Load Reduction
Sizing Summary**

Stormceptor Model	TSS Removal Provided (%)
EFO4	83
EFO6	92
EFO8	96
EFO10	98
EFO12	99

Recommended Stormceptor EFO Model: **EFO4**

Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction (%): **83**

Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%): **> 90**

THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

► **Stormceptor® EF and Stormceptor® EFO** are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor® oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the **ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV)** protocol.

PERFORMANCE

► **Stormceptor® EF and EFO** remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patent-pending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including high-intensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterways.

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

► The **Canadian ETV PSD** shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

Particle Size (μm)	Percent Less Than	Particle Size Fraction (μm)	Percent
1000	100	500-1000	5
500	95	250-500	5
250	90	150-250	15
150	75	100-150	15
100	60	75-100	10
75	50	50-75	5
50	45	20-50	10
20	35	8-20	15
8	20	5-8	10
5	10	2-5	5
2	5	<2	5

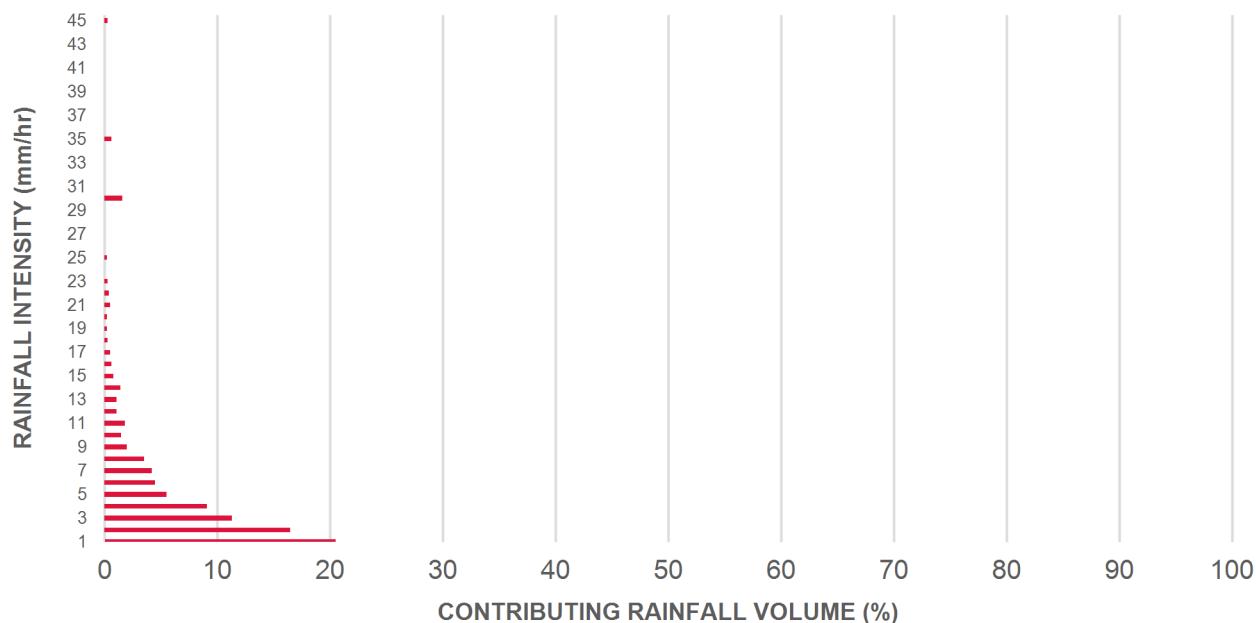
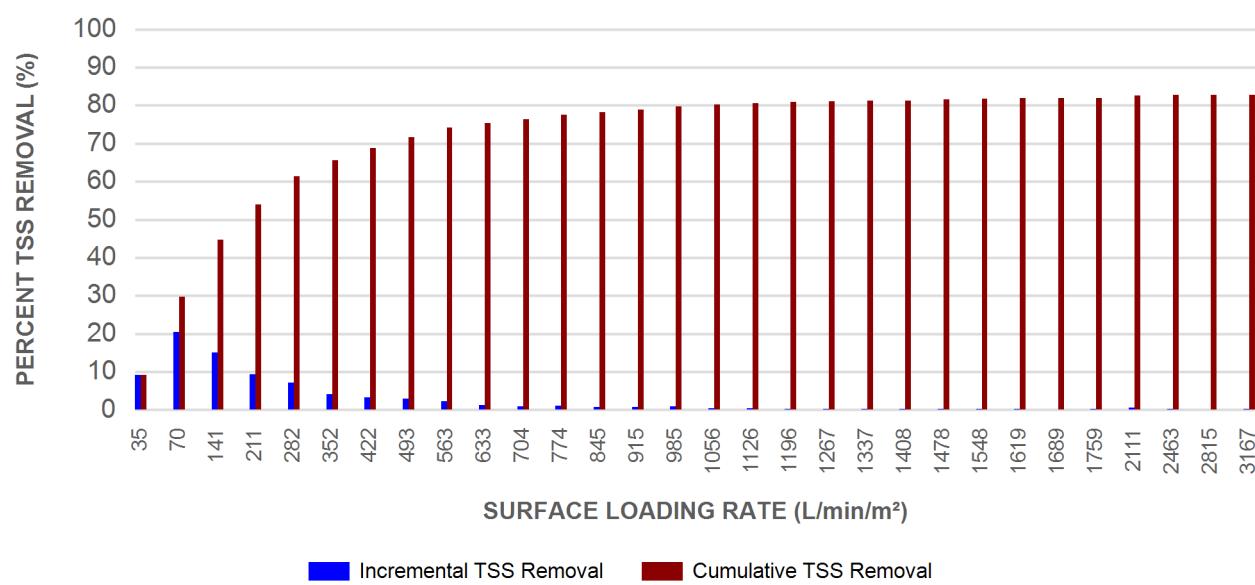


Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

Upstream Flow Controlled Results

Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr)	Percent Rainfall Volume (%)	Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%)	Flow Rate (L/s)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)	Cumulative Removal (%)
0.50	9.2	9.2	0.70	42.0	35.0	100	9.2	9.2
1.00	20.5	29.7	1.41	84.0	70.0	100	20.5	29.7
2.00	16.5	46.2	2.82	169.0	141.0	91	15.0	44.7
3.00	11.3	57.5	4.22	253.0	211.0	83	9.4	54.0
4.00	9.1	66.7	5.63	338.0	282.0	79	7.2	61.3
5.00	5.5	72.2	7.04	422.0	352.0	76	4.2	65.5
6.00	4.5	76.7	8.45	507.0	422.0	73	3.3	68.8
7.00	4.2	80.9	9.85	591.0	493.0	70	3.0	71.7
8.00	3.5	84.4	11.26	676.0	563.0	66	2.3	74.1
9.00	2.0	86.5	12.67	760.0	633.0	64	1.3	75.4
10.00	1.5	88.0	14.08	845.0	704.0	64	0.9	76.3
11.00	1.8	89.8	15.48	929.0	774.0	63	1.2	77.5
12.00	1.1	90.9	16.89	1013.0	845.0	63	0.7	78.2
13.00	1.1	92.0	18.30	1098.0	915.0	62	0.7	78.8
14.00	1.4	93.4	19.71	1182.0	985.0	62	0.9	79.7
15.00	0.8	94.2	21.11	1267.0	1056.0	60	0.5	80.2
16.00	0.6	94.8	22.52	1351.0	1126.0	59	0.3	80.6
17.00	0.5	95.3	23.93	1436.0	1196.0	57	0.3	80.9
18.00	0.3	95.6	25.34	1520.0	1267.0	56	0.2	81.0
19.00	0.2	95.9	26.74	1605.0	1337.0	54	0.1	81.2
20.00	0.2	96.1	28.15	1689.0	1408.0	52	0.1	81.3
21.00	0.5	96.6	29.56	1773.0	1478.0	50	0.3	81.5
22.00	3.4	100.0	30.97	1858.0	1548.0	48	1.6	83.1
23.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1
24.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1
25.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1
30.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1
35.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1
40.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1
45.00	0.0	100.0	31.00	1860.0	1550.0	47	0.0	83.1
Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction =								83 %

Climate Station ID: 6137287 Years of Rainfall Data: 33

Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report**RAINFALL DATA FROM ST CATHARINES AP RAINFALL STATION****INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE TSS REMOVAL
FOR THE RECOMMENDED STORMCEPTOR® MODEL**

Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Min Angle Inlet / Outlet Pipes	Max Inlet Pipe Diameter		Max Outlet Pipe Diameter		Peak Conveyance Flow Rate	
	(m)	(ft)		(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(L/s)	(cfs)
EF4 / EFO4	1.2	4	90	609	24	609	24	425	15
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SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

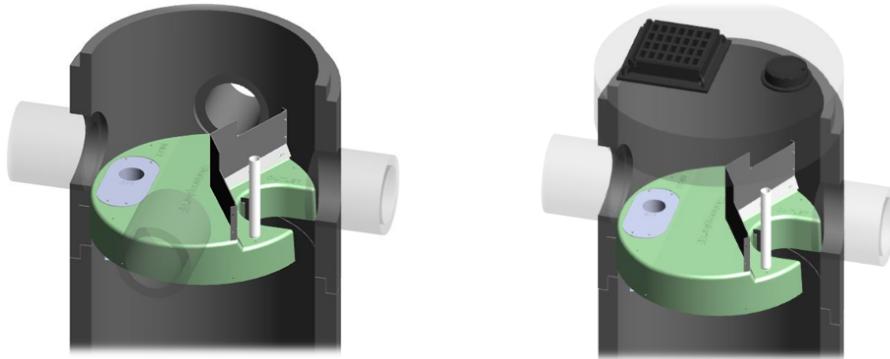
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DESIGN FLEXIBILITY

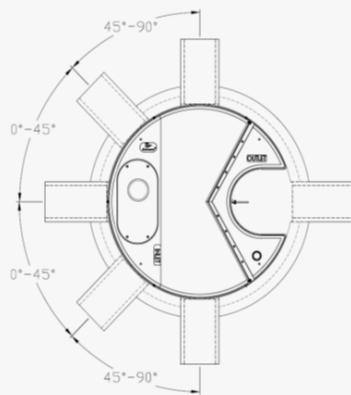
► Stormceptor® EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION

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Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report



INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

0° - 45° : The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

45° - 90° : The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

HEAD LOSS

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1.

For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

Pollutant Capacity

Stormceptor EF / EFO	Model Diameter		Depth (Outlet Pipe Invert to Sump Floor)		Oil Volume		Recommended Sediment Maintenance Depth *		Maximum Sediment Volume *		Maximum Sediment Mass **	
	(m)	(ft)	(m)	(ft)	(L)	(Gal)	(mm)	(in)	(L)	(ft³)	(kg)	(lb)
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** Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft³)

Feature	Benefit	Feature Appeals To
Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment and scour prevention technology	Superior, verified third-party performance	Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer
Third-party verified light liquid capture and retention for EFO version	Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot locations	Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, Site Owner
Functions as bend, junction or inlet structure	Design flexibility	Specifying & Design Engineer
Minimal drop between inlet and outlet	Site installation ease	Contractor
Large diameter outlet riser for inspection and maintenance	Easy maintenance access from grade	Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

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STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

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**STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR
“OIL GRIT SEPARATOR” (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE****PART 1 – GENERAL****1.1 WORK INCLUDED**

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

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PART 2 – PRODUCTS**2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE**

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

2.1.1	4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	1.19 m ³ sediment / 265 L oil
	6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	3.48 m ³ sediment / 609 L oil
	8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	8.78 m ³ sediment / 1,071 L oil
	10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	17.78 m ³ sediment / 1,673 L oil
	12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units:	31.23 m ³ sediment / 2,476 L oil

PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN**3.1 GENERAL**

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall

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remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing of the OGS shall be determined by use of a minimum ten (10) years of local historical rainfall data provided by Environment Canada. Sizing shall also be determined by use of the sediment removal performance data derived from the ISO 14034 ETV third-party verified laboratory testing data from testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV protocol Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, as follows:

3.2.1 Sediment removal efficiency for a given surface loading rate and its associated flow rate shall be based on sediment removal efficiency demonstrated at the seven (7) tested surface loading rates specified in the protocol, ranging 40 L/min/m² to 1400 L/min/m², and as stated in the ISO 14034 ETV Verification Statement for the OGS device.

3.2.2 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates between 40 L/min/m² and 1400 L/min/m² shall be based on linear interpolation of data between consecutive tested surface loading rates.

3.2.3 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates less than the lowest tested surface loading rate of 40 L/min/m² shall be assumed to be identical to the sediment removal efficiency at 40 L/min/m². No extrapolation shall be allowed that results in a sediment removal efficiency that is greater than that demonstrated at 40 L/min/m².

3.2.4 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates greater than the highest tested surface loading rate of 1400 L/min/m² shall assume zero sediment removal for the portion of flow that exceeds 1400 L/min/m², and shall be calculated using a simple proportioning formula, with 1400 L/min/m² in the numerator and the higher surface loading rate in the denominator, and multiplying the resulting fraction times the sediment removal efficiency at 1400 L/min/m².

The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**.

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m².

3.4 LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**, with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This re-entrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to



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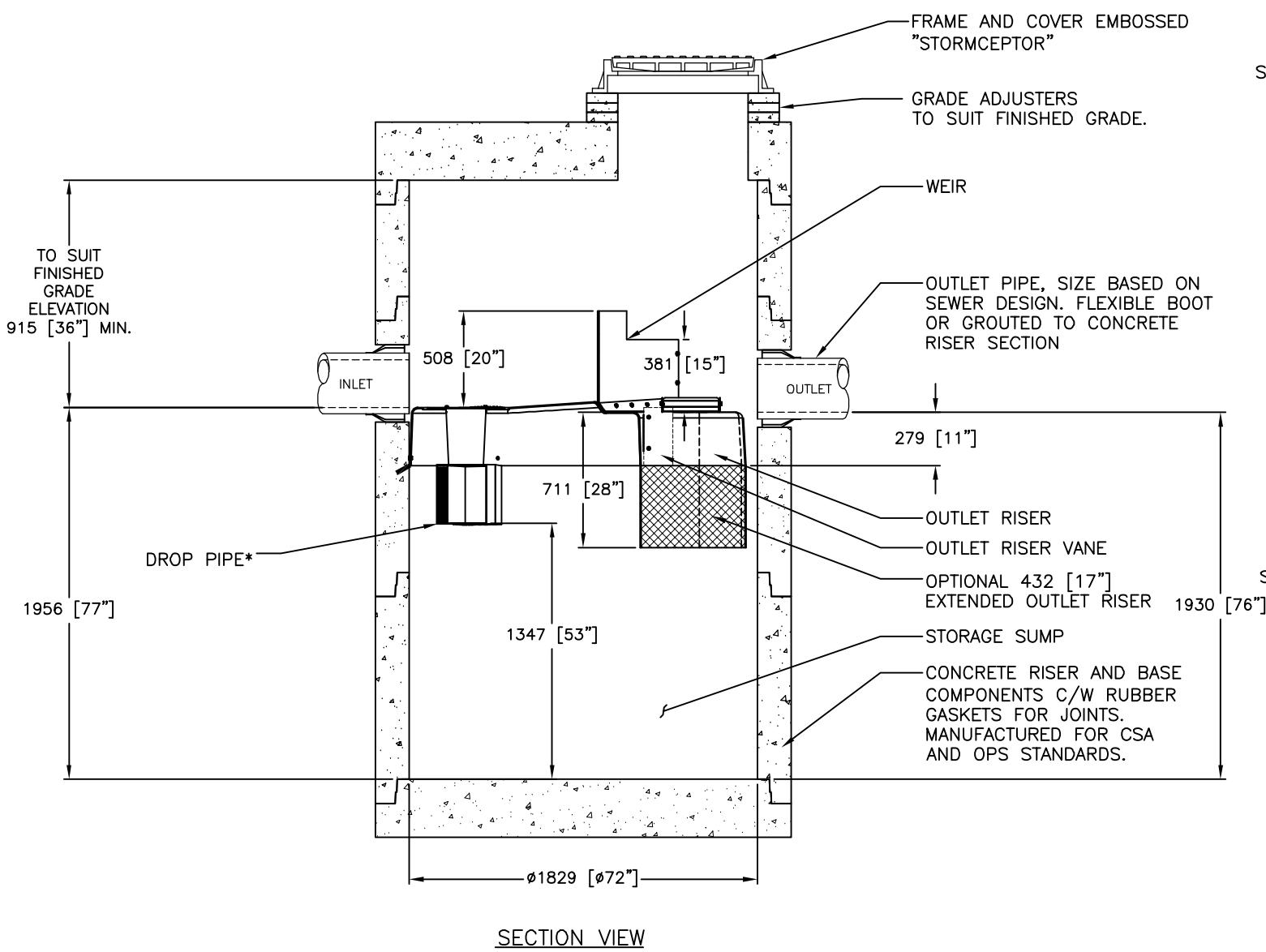
assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates.

3.4.1 For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m² to 2600 L/min/m²) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.



DRAWING NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION

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GENERAL NOTES:

* MAXIMUM SURFACE LOADING RATE (SLR) INTO LOWER CHAMBER THROUGH DROP PIPE IS 1135 L/min/m² (27.9 gpm/ft²) FOR STORMCEPTOR EF6 AND 535 L/min/m² (13.1 gpm/ft²) FOR STORMCEPTOR EFO6 (OIL CAPTURE CONFIGURATION).

1. ALL DIMENSIONS INDICATED ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
2. STORMCEPTOR STRUCTURE INLET AND OUTLET PIPE SIZE AND ORIENTATION SHOWN FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.
3. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, BYPASS INFRASTRUCTURE, SUCH AS ALL UPSTREAM DIVERSION STRUCTURES, CONNECTING STRUCTURES, OR PIPE CONDUITS CONNECTING TO COMPLETE THE STORMCEPTOR SYSTEM SHALL BE PROVIDED AND ADDRESSED SEPARATELY.
4. DRAWING FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO ENGINEER'S SITE/UTILITY PLAN FOR STRUCTURE ORIENTATION.
5. NO PRODUCT SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL BE ACCEPTED UNLESS SUBMITTED 10 DAYS PRIOR TO PROJECT BID DATE, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.

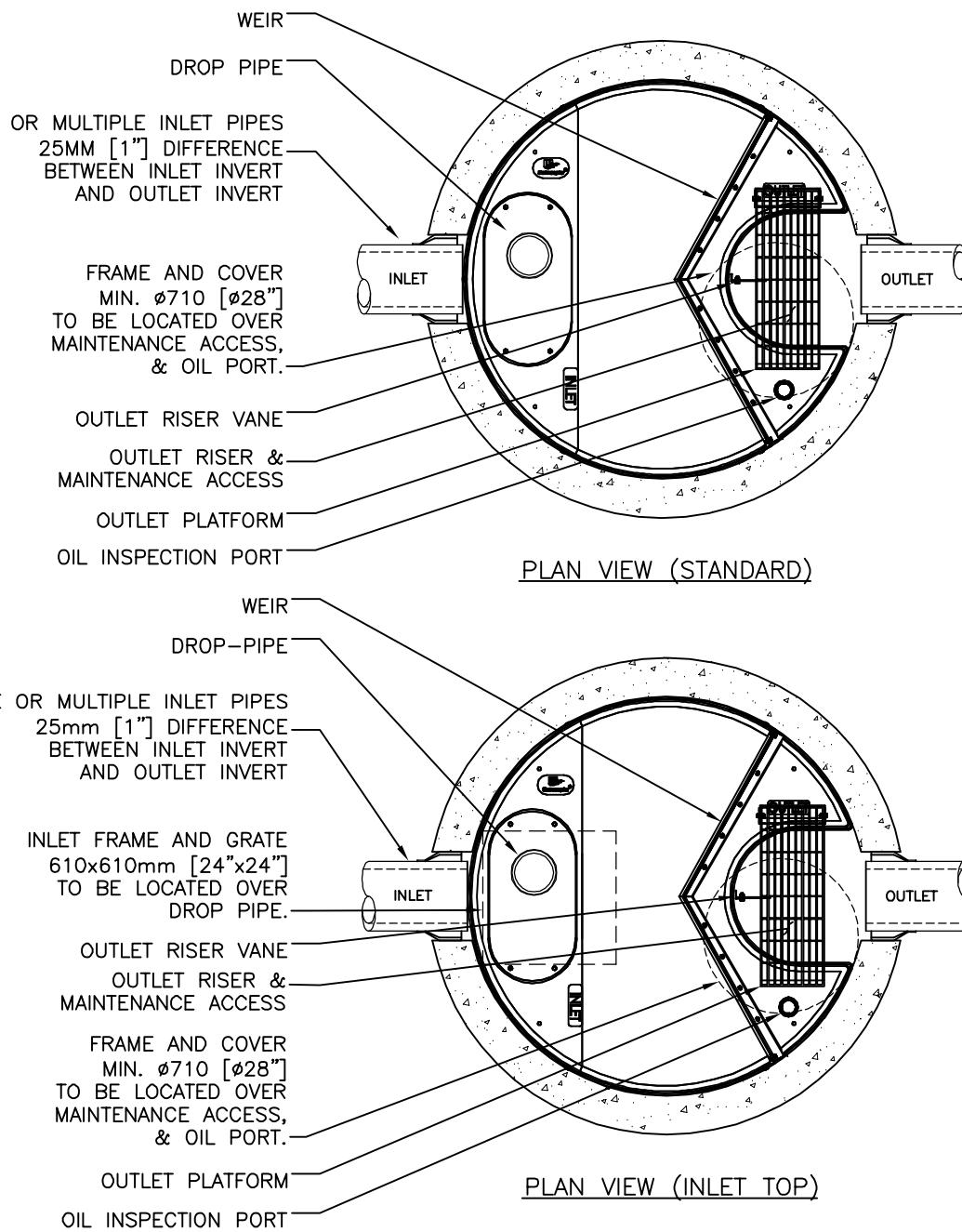
FOR SITE SPECIFIC DRAWINGS PLEASE CONTACT YOUR LOCAL STORMCEPTOR REPRESENTATIVE. SITE SPECIFIC DRAWINGS ARE BASED ON THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION AT THE TIME. SOME FIELD REVISIONS TO THE SYSTEM LOCATION OR CONNECTION PIPING MAY BE NECESSARY BASED ON AVAILABLE SPACE OR SITE CONFIGURATION REVISIONS. ELEVATIONS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED EXCEPT WHERE NOTED ON BYPASS STRUCTURE (IF REQUIRED).

INSTALLATION NOTES

- A. ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- B. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE STRUCTURE (LIFTING CLUTCHES PROVIDED)
- C. CONTRACTOR WILL INSTALL AND LEVEL THE STRUCTURE, SEALING THE JOINTS, LINE ENTRY AND EXIT POINTS (NON-SHRINK GROUT WITH APPROVED WATERSTOP OR FLEXIBLE BOOT)
- D. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO PROTECT THE DEVICE FROM CONSTRUCTION-RELATED EROSION RUNOFF.
- E. DEVICE ACTIVATION, BY CONTRACTOR, SHALL OCCUR ONLY AFTER SITE HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND THE STORMCEPTOR UNIT IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DEBRIS.

STANDARD DETAIL

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



SITE SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS

STORMCEPTOR MODEL		EFO6			
STRUCTURE ID				*	
HYDROCARBON STORAGE REQ'D (L)				*	
WATER QUALITY FLOW RATE (L/s)				*	
PEAK FLOW RATE (L/s)				*	
RETURN PERIOD OF PEAK FLOW (yrs)				*	
DRAINAGE AREA (HA)				*	
DRAINAGE AREA IMPERVIOUSNESS (%)				*	
PIPE DATA:	I.E.	MAT'L	DIA	SLOPE %	HGL
INLET #1	*	*	*	*	*
INLET #2	*	*	*	*	*
OUTLET	*	*	*	*	*
* PER ENGINEER OF RECORD					



407 FAIRVIEW DRIVE, WHITBY, ON L1N 4T4
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